Virginia Free Press.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA, PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY J. S. & B. W. GILLIAMS

VOL. 49. THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20 1856. NO.

THE

Virginia Free Press

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Two Dollars and Fifty Cents

PER ANNUM,

Payable half yearly; but Two Dollars will be taken in payment in full, if paid entirely in advance.

No paper will be discontinued beyond the expiration of the year: interest will be charged.

Subscriptions for six months, $1 25, to be paid invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING.

[illegible] for three insertions—larger ones in the same proportion. Each continuance 25 cents per square.

Advertisements not ordered for a specified time, will be continued until forbid and charged accordingly.

JOHN J. H. STRAITH, M. D. J. ALEX. STRAITH, M.D.

STRAITH & SON.

I HAVE under the above title associated my son with me in a partnership for the practice of Medicine in all its branches, dating from January 1st, 1856. The partners offer to the public a faithful and prompt discharge of professional duty.

JOHN J. H. STRAITH.

April 10, 1856—tf

HENRY HUNTER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia.

PRACTICES in the Courts of Jefferson and the adjacent counties. His office is in that occupied by his father—whose aid he will have at all times.

February 28, 1856.—1y

W. S. WHITE. LAWSON BOYLE.

WHITE & BOYLE

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.,

Practice in the Counties of JEFFERSON, FREDERICK, BERKELEY AND CLARKE.

December 6, 1855—1y.

Dr. Joseph E. Clagett,

OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Harpers-Ferry and its vicinity. Office at Drug Store, Harpers-Ferry.

January 10 1856—1y.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

F. G. MEALS & BROS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Monuments, Tombs, Slabs, Head and FOOT-STONES, &c.

OF American and Foreign Marble, furnished at the shortest notice, and executed in the best workmanlike manner.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere as our style is to please. Shop next door to G. W. Spon's Blacksmith shop opposite the Depot.

CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VA.

Nov 29 1855—tf

S. V. YANTIS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer,

IN MANUFACTURED

TOBACCO, SEGARS & SNUFF,

(SIGN OF THE INDIAN GIRL.)

OPPOSITE THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,

HARPERS FERRY, VA.

Nov-ember 22 1855

GEORGE COFFROTH,

COMMISSION AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

TOBACCO, SNUFFS, AND SEGARS,

No 330, West Bait. St.,

Second door West of Hanover,

BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

September 25, 1856—1y

DR. G. H. PIERCE,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HAVING located permanently in Charlestown, offers his professional services to the citizens and vicinity. Office in the Mansion House, building—Lodgings at Carter's Hotel

Sept 5, 56—1y

Dr. Cooke

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity. Office on Main Street, one door east of Carter's Hotel. [May 11 1854.

DANIEL W. FRYATT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

CHARLESTOWN,

Jefferson County, Va.

WILL practice in the Territory and Superior Courts of Jefferson and the adjacent Counties. All letters addressed to him will receive prompt attention.

August 9, 1855.

SAMUEL STONE,

Commissioner in Chancery of the Circuit and County Court of Jefferson County.

OFFICE in the Court-House, (up stairs,) in the room for many years occupied as an office by the late Robert Worthington, Esq.

Entrance (except Court-days) at the east door.

July 13, 1854—tf

CARTER'S HOTEL,

POSITIVE NOTICE.

MY Books and Accounts are ready for settlement; those wishing to save trouble will call and make arrangements. All neglecters this warning will look out from and after 15th March.

J. N. CARTER.

February 14, 1855—tf

LAND FOR SALE.

4500 Acres of Land, Mostly Limestone.

THE subscriber offers for sale privately, his farm in Botetourt county, lying on both sides of Catawba Creek, four miles from Fincastle.—There are upon the place all necessary improvements, with the addition of a

Saw Mill and Grist Mill.

If desired, the farm would be divided into four tracts, with improvements on each.

[illegible] be paid annually.

For further information address the subscriber at Fincastle, Va. Dr. WM. M. WOODSON.

April 24 1856—tf

For Rent.

AS I intend strictly to confine my business to repairing and Making Machines, I will offer for rent all that part of the Zimmerman property not now occupied by me, consisting of one large MACHINE SHOP, with Engine House, Saw Mill and Plaster Mill attached. Also, the FOUNDRY, and one fire in the Smith shop if required

March 27, 1856—tf WM ROWE

FOR SALE.

A SERVANT BOY about 16 years of age, a good dining room servant, but capable of outdoor work, healthy and of good temper.

Enquire at the FREE PRESS OFFICE.

July 24, 1856—tf

EXTRACT, Lemon, Orange, Pine Apple, Strawberry Vanilla, Peach, Rasberry for flavoring Pies, Puddings, Cakes, and all kinds of fancy cooking, for sale by

August 14, 1856. BELLER & COOKE

Paints and Oil.

WHITE Lead; Chrome Green, and Flax Seed Oil, for sale by

Sept. 18, '55. CRAMER & HAWKS.

Concentrated Lye.

JUST received another supply of Concentrated Lye, to be sold at the Market House.

Sept. 11, 1856 T. RAWLINS

WINDOW Glass and Putty, for sale by

CRAMER & HAWKS

September 16, 1856

WHALE BONE SKIRTS, for sale by

CRAMER & HAWKS.

Oct. 23

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, for sale by

Nov 11, '55. KEYES & KE.

CORN MEAL, to be had at the Market.

Sept. 11, '56 T. RAWLINS.

B. W. HERBERT,

CONTINUES to give prompt attention to all branches of the Insurance Business, and is prepared to negotiate LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE, in any amounts required, in the Hartford Fire Insurance Company, Hartford Connecticut, Franklin Insurance Company, of Philadelphia, and the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia.

With an experience of nearly six years in this business, and being possessed of peculiar advantages for ascertaining the strength of all Insurance Companies doing business in this and the Northern States, special attention will be given to placing risks in those companies only which will be found safe in case of loss.

Dwelling Houses, Stores, Mills, Barns, Factories, Merchandise, Household Furniture, and every description of Personal Property, in country or town, insured against loss or damage by fire.

Life Assurance in the best Companies in the United States.

The Lives of slaves insured for two-thirds of their value, at lowest rates for a period of one to five years.

In all cases of loss, particular attention is given to secure to the parties insured a liberal adjustment and prompt payment of their claims.

Applications either in person or by letter will be promptly attended to, and any information on the subject cheerfully given, if addressed to Iona P. Brown Post Master, Charlestown, or

B. W. HERBERT,

Agent for Jefferson County Va.

P. S. Agent's Post Office Charlestown.

May 15, 1856.—1y

Agency of Insurance.

B. W. HERBERT is Agent for the following Companies of FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE:

FIRE,

Hartford Fire Insurance Company,

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Incorporated in 1810—Charter Perpetual—Capital $200,000.

Franklin Fire Insurance Company

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Statement of Assets, $1,701,498, January 1, 1856, published agreeably to an Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

B. W. HERBERT, Sub-Agent for J. S. Carson, Esq., Winchester, Va.

THE INSURANCE COMPANY OF THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA

Cash Capital $300,000. All paid in and secure by investment.

Bonds, Mortgages and Stocks,	$237,595 00
Bills receivable,	96,054 30
Cash,	9,780 23
	$343,429 53

LIFE:

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE ANNUITY & TRUST COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA

Assets, January 1st 1856 $1,421,612 12.

N B. Losses promptly adjusted and paid through the Office of General Agency, at Richmond, Va.

International Life Assurance Society OF NEW-YORK AND LONDON.

Capital $2,500,000.

N B. A Guarantee Fund of $100,000 deposited with the Comptroller of the State of New York, for the security and benefit of ALL policy holders in the United States.

The Insurance of the lives of Slaves not exceeding three fourths and two thirds of the actual cash value of Slaves will be given

MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Newark, N. J., 1st January, 1856.

Net accumulation,	$2,250,005 47
Total amount to Jan. 18, 1856,	715,992 66
Total amount	1,335,950 84
Grand Total,	$4,292,488 97

Medical Examiners—G. F. Mason, M. D.; H. P. Cooke, M. D.; John A. Stratth, M. D.; R. P. Magruder, M. D.

The Agents will give his prompt attention and personal supervision to all risks, whenever and wherever required to do so.

Applications to be made to J. P. BROWN, Esq. Post Master, Charlestown, or to the Agent through the Post Office, Charlestown.

May 15 1856—1y

Spirit and Shepherdstown Register copy 1y.

The United States

LIFE INSURANCE

ANNUITY AND TRUST COMPANY,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

SLAVE PREMIUMS.

The following are the rates of Insurance for $100 on the Life of a Slave, for the term of Four Years.

AGES INCLUSIVE

14 to 19 $1 80; 20 to 24 $2 10, 25 to 29 $2 40, 30 to 34 2 70, 35 to 39 300; 40 to 44 3 30, 45 to 50 360.

A similar payment in advance of three and a half Annual Premiums on the above table, will entitle a party to a paid up Policy for the whole term of four years

The following General Rules will Regulate Insurance upon the Lives of Slaves.

1st. Policies will be granted for the term of One, Two, Three or four Years, at the same rate of annual premium for either term, as advantage peculiar to this office never before proffered to insurers

2d. Any sum not exceeding three-fourths of the actual cash value of Slaves will be insured.

3d. Policies may be transferred irrespective of the Company.

4th. The Premium first stated in the Policy, (if for more than one year,) is the same each year, the payment of which continues the Policy in force for its term, irrespective of the health of the slave; but the Policy may be discontinued by the holder thereof at his pleasure.

5th. Policies for the whole term of Four Years will be granted upon the payment in advance of three and a half Annual Premiums.

6th. With this office no difficulty need occur as to the exact age of the slave insured, inasmuch as the Premium vary only every Five Years.

7th. In case of difference of opinion as to the money value of a slave, the same may be referred to two disinterested persons, one to be chosen by the parties mutually by the owner and Agent of the Company.

8th. A change of occupation to one more hazardous, renders void the Policy, unless the consent of the Company be obtained, or the Assured, on becoming aware of the change, ceases working and a corresponding ratio premium paid therefor.

9th. No application for insurance will be entertained for a less period than one year, unless at the full year's premium.

10th. One Dollar includes the whole charge for Policy fee.

11th. Losses promptly adjusted and paid at Richmond, Virginia.

All further necessary information, as also blanks, books, statements, policies, &c. will be furnished by

B. W. HERBERT, Agent.

May 29, 1856.—1 year. 8pt

Paints, Oils, Turpentine, &c.

2,000 LBS Lewis' Pure Lead,

100 pounds Lewis' Chrome Green,

Assorted colors for House Painting.

50 lbs. Chrome Yellow, ground in Oil;

50 lbs. Vermilion;

2 bbls Pure Linseed Oil;

1 do Spirits of Turpentine;

200 lbs. Putty in Bladders;

All of which we now offer at very low prices.

HUTCHISON & BURNETT.

June 19 1856

J. R. A. REDMAN,

HAVING just returned from New York with a large and carefully selected stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS for Gentlemen's wear, respectfully apprises his friends and the public generally that he is prepared to execute their orders in the latest mode and in the best manner.

Charlestown, May 22 1856.

GROCERIES—A large Stock of all kinds, just received at reduced prices and for sale by

Harpers-Ferry, May 29 1856 CHARLES JOHNSON.

SEED OATS, for sale by

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

March 27, 1856.

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

Dr. Johnston,

THE FOUNDER OF THIS CELEBRATED Institution offers the most Certain, Speedy, and only effectual remedy for the world for

SECRET DISEASES.

Gleets, Stricture, Seminal Weakness, Pains in the Loins, Constitutional Affections, Nocturnal Emissions, Venereal Eruptions, Ulcerations of the Throat, Nose, or Skin; Gonorrhœa, Pustulation of the Head, Pimples, Nose, or Skin; Gonorrhœa and Gleet, Dysepsia, Nervous Irritability, Diseases of the Head, Throat, Nose, or Skin; these are the results of the solitary habit of youth, which ruins both body and mind, unfitting them for the duties of life. These are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the head, Dimness of sight, Loss of Manhood, Pulpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded: Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of Spirits, Evil Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c. are some of the evils produced.

Thousands of persons, of all ages, can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, have a cough, often mistaken for that of the lungs, and symptoms of consumption.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

immediately cured and full vigor restored.

This dreadful disease is the fearfully sad frequently paid by those who have become the victims of improper indulgencies. Young persons are too apt to commit a serious error, not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that unfortunate the subject will pretend to deny that the power of Procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the greatest. Besides being deprived of the pleasure of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes deranged, the physical and mental powers weakened, nervous debility, dyspepsia, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, a wasting of the frame, cough, symptoms of consumption, etc.

MARRIAGE

Married Persons, or Young Men contemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, or some debility, deformities, &c., should apply immediately.

He who gives himself under the care of Dr J may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman and confidently rely on his skill as a Physician.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK ST. 7 DOORS FROM BALTIMORE STREET, EAST SIDE, UP THE STEPS.

Be particular in observing the Name and Number, or you will mistake the place.

DR. JOHNSTON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, graduate from one of the most eminent colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the first Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known, many trembling with regret at the head and eyes where, selfing great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and frightful dreams, with a palpitation of the heart, easily startled, timidity, with a trembling of the hands, a languid appearance, disposition to avoid the company of others, blushing their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering Marriage, &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN,

Especially who have become the victims of Solitary Vice. That dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant aspirations, who might otherwise have ventured Blighted, flowers with the blossom of eloquence, or walked to eminity the legislature, may call with full confidence.

Dr. J. addresses young men and all who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences.

There are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the head, Dimness of sight, Loss of Manhood Power, Pal

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS AND FARMERS' REPOSITORY.

Virginia Free Press.

BY J. S. & H. N. GALLAHER.

THURSDAY MORNING.

NOVEMBER 20, 1856.

WHO SAVED THE DEMOCRACY.

The Spoils party are rejoicing with as hearty good will over their continuance at the public crib as if they had obtained an overwhelming victory. They are unmindful of the help received from the weak-kneed Whigs, and are as arrogant over the result as if they really had achieved it by their own merits. The meagre majority of 705 in Pennsylvania was the means of saving their bread and butter.

The Columbia (Tenn.) Mirror has some remarks to the point, which we quote as worthy of consideration:

"Neither Mr. Buchanan, nor his party can receive any credit for the defeat of Fremont, as it was the agitation of the question of the extension of slavery, which brought about the slavery agitation, and upon that question the Republican party increased in strength so rapidly, that many were greatly alarmed, and driven to the support of Mr. Buchanan as the strong man to prevent the success of Fremont. The mischiefs that the Democratic party have combined were lost sight of in the prospects of a candidate, most likely to defeat the Republicans. But the people will not forget that all the dangers surrounding us, which threaten the destruction of our country by Republicanism under the lead of Fremont, are attributable to the Democratic party. That party is responsible for the whole of them, and should it ever be called to an account for the political sins and evils which it has visited upon us, and our prosperous and once peaceful country, and the decrees of public justice pronounced in accordance with the measure of punishment upon it—what stay, is there in human power, to save it from a hopeless fate?

"Yet we may be glad that Fremont is defeated, for at the same time our political cup is full of gall, in the success of Democracy, over such a sectional and national man as MILLARD FILLMORE.—In common with the Democracy of Athens, that is, banish for ten years, any citizens, *who from their wealth or influence* may be thought dangerous to the Republic. This was abused in many instances. Themistocles banished because he was thought too good a man to reside in that State. The Athenians unable to bear the high distinction in wisdom, and therefore, ostracized him, to mitigate their envy. Aristides, too was banished because he was surnamed "The Just." A singular duty was performed by an Athenian people, each taking a piece of a broken shell, and writing upon it the name of the man to be banished. These were illiterate strangers, who counted them, and if any six thousand, the person whose name was on the greatest number was declared an ostracism. Plutarch relates that, "at the time when ostracism was banished, when the people were writing the names on the shells, it is reported that an illiterate burgher came to Aristides and took for some ordinary person, and giving him a shell desired him to write Aristides upon it. The good man, surprised at the adventure, asked him, whether Aristides had ever injured him? No, said he, nor do I know him, but I vexed to hear him every where called The Just.—Aristides made no answer, but took the shell, and wrote his own name upon it, returned it to the man. When we see such a man as Preston of South Carolina, one of the leading men of the country, get up before an assemblage of their fellow-persons, and say he objects to Fillmore because he will make too good a President, surely we must conclude that Democracy is becoming similar to ostracism Athens; and ere long will be found some of that once proud Democracy, though Mr. Fillmore is beaten, and wailing of the American people at the time the faithful and trustworthy statesman, who abide by the votes of his party, and desires that our country may be a banner to promote its best interests and glory."

THE PACIFIC RAIL ROAD:

The California papers have published a letter from Mr. Buchanan, in which he avows his friendship for this gigantic scheme, and to which from the national coffers the Southern Democracy has denounced with much severity. Mr. B. says he finds authority for it in the constitutional power to "declare war," and in the constitutional duty to "repel invasions;" but he has higher authority for it in the fact that its construction forms a plank in the Cincinnati platform.

The Richmond Whig, in bringing the subject to the view of the "strict constitutionists," asks the following questions:

"Shall we have a broadside from the *Enquirer*, similar to the one with which it greeted a Democratic House that promoted the President's Pension and Harbor Bills last summer? Shall we have thunders of the Virginia and Southern Democracy, at the very step, in view of this bold and rash reversal of Democratic doctrine by the selected chief of the party?

"The great speech of Senator Hunter four years ago—and it was a great speech—in opposition to this very Pacific Railroad, cannot yet have been forgotten by the Virginia Democracy. In that speech he proclaimed the strictest doctrine, and in the absence of any authority whatever in the Constitution to construct the road, during the debate in the Senate last summer on the Presidential vetoes, the Democratic doctrine on this subject was fully laid down and enforced by both of the Virginia Senators, by Brown of Miss., by Butler, by Toombs, and by Bayard. In view of all this, will what the Virginia Democracy now say to Mr. Buchanan's protestation of both the constitutionality and the expediency of building a railroad to the Pacific? We shall see."

☞ The Lancaster, Pa., Express says:—Of all the speculations as to the construction of Mr. Buchanan's Cabinet, we have yet seen none come near the mark. That gentleman has not yet turned his attention to the matter—not yet being fairly out of the smoke and confusion of the contest.—We think however, we can name two gentlemen who will be offered cabinet appointments under the new administration, and we do so now that our readers may hereafter test the truth of the conjecture by a comparison with the result. We allude to Hon. Robert Toombs, of Georgia, and Hon. John Appleton, of Maine. Mr. Appleton is a confidential friend of the President elect and during both the terms of Polk was minister to the Court of St. James.

AGRICULTURE.

We have already announced the handsome donation of the President of the Virginia State Agricultural Society, Mr. Cocke, for the endowment of an agricultural professorship in the University. It is stated that Jas. C. Bruce, Esq., of Halifax, gave (conditionally) to the Union Agricultural Society, at its recent meeting in Petersburg, the sum of ten thousand dollars for the purchase of land to be converted into a model farm.

☞ Gov. Wise has appointed delegates to represent Virginia in the Southern Commercial Convention, which assembles in Savannah, on the 8th of December. Hon. J. M. MASON, AND. HUNTER, ANGUS McDONALD and ROBERT J. T. WHITE are designated for this district. A number of distinguished names appear on the list.

☞ Our friend ED. SHAW, has presented for our consideration, a mess of the Great Turnips we have seen this season. Thanks. We know that something good would "turn" up if Ed. is in the snow. These are the largest specimens, measuring 35 inches in circumference.

THE PROSPECTS BEFORE US.

The best portion of the Southern press has exhibited, in its true light, the result of the recent Presidential election. Instead of seeing, or pretending to see, in it, a great victory, settling the disputed questions between the North and the South, they have felt it their duty to warn the people that it was an extremely doubtful conflict, and that the result is rather to be attributed to good fortune and good management, than to principles.—Mr. Buchanan was hated by Mr. Fillmore. Without the intervention of the party that supported the latter, he would have been in a minority in every Northern State. In the face of this demonstration, there are men and presses in the south who cry out for the Union, and glorify the Union, as achieving a great triumph in the election of Mr. Buchanan. But there are always, in every great struggle, men who cry "Peace! Peace!" when there is no peace. Men, who insist that we shall fold our arms, and go to sleep, at the very moment when every element of mischief and danger is ready to burst, in its utmost fury, upon us. It was so when the innumerable hordes of Persia were hanging over devoted Athens; it was so when the feeble Thirteen Colonies made their first demonstration to achieve that independence of which we now talk so proudly; and we need not hope that there ever will come an exigency, so startling and provoking, that there will not be found men who will urge us to consider it as simply a dispensation of Providence, from which we may hope to be speedily relieved, and for which we ought not to sacrifice our ease and our slumber. We may make this year's crop, after that—the Deluge.

[illegible] from the Charleston *Mercury*—it is a very frank acknowledgment of the *fact*, that Mr. Buchanan is indebted to Mr. Fillmore's being a candidate, for his election. This declaration was made by us some days since, at which some of the Democratic journals, whose regard for truth is subservient to their party devotion, affected to entertain some surprise. It was only by the running of a third ticket, that he carried any *Free State*. In his own State, Pennsylvania, he has received as far as heard from, (all but nine counties,) *only five* thousand votes, *over one-third* of the number polled. In other words, out of 519,000 votes, he received only 213,500, while the opposition received 405,700—we give round numbers. This shows the state of things throughout the North. So much for the great Democratic triumph.

The *Mercury*, we think, need not indulge any fears about the further agitation of the slavery question. It was reopened by the Demagogues and tricksters of the Democratic party, of whom the *Squatter Sovereign* advocate, S. A. Douglas, was the leader, for the vilest purpose—to secure power. They have seen and felt the force of the storm which they had created, and the same motive that prompted the re-opening of the agitation, will drive them to its early adjustment, if it be possible. Mere spoilsmen, they are ever intent upon place and the public plunder, and their insatiate desires can only be satisfied by keeping in power; and to do this, they see and know that the agitation of the slavery question must be quieted.

Yes, the meagre number of 705 votes in Pennsylvania saved the Presidency for Buchanan—and it is acknowledged by all candid persons that but for the Fillmore ticket in Indiana, Illinois, and New Jersey, the Democracy would have been wofully beaten. Help us, old line Whigs, was a common invocation; and the result though it secures the spoils for four years more, proves the Democracy to be a defunct party whenever the opposition shall find any common ground of union.

THE UNION—VIRGINIA IMPROVEMENTS.

The Richmond Dispatch says: During the recent terrible campaign—terrible for the sectional issues raised by the Northern Republican party—terrible for the dangers with which it threatened the peace and permanence of this union of independent States—in our mind we constantly deplored the imperfect condition of the Internal Improvement system in Virginia. We have ever regarded the chief lines that have been projected, for the purpose of connecting our cities with those of the West, and our tide water with the great rivers of the West, as among the most powerful links to bind this Union together. The delay in their progress is indeed deplorable. The great influence they are destined to exert for the advancement of the wealth and political power of Virginia, should have induced our people to concentrate all their energies and all their means upon them, and should have prevented the entertainment and support of new and conflicting propositions until they were completed. This was a motive strong enough to have aroused and stimulated a people to their greatest efforts; but the motive rises in dignity and increases in power when we contemplate the superadded blessing of the effect the great lines, so long delayed, would have in strengthening the Union by establishing commercial and social ties between Virginia, the leading Southern State, and the West and North-west, that would powerfully counteract the sectional agitations of Northern fanatics.

These considerations are entertained by very many of the prominent men of Virginia, and we trust the day is not remote when they will become a part of the political faith of the people of Virginia—a part of the general conviction and the general hope—the faith and hope that through the completion of the great works so long projected the State of Virginia is to assume the place among commercial States which she has politically so long held in the Union, and the Union itself is to be strengthened by increasing and brightening those ties of commercial intercourse, mutual respect, amity and confidence between the people of the States, which, after all constitute the foundation of the Union, and can alone preserve it from ruin.

ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE.

The above neatly executed work comes to us regularly, and we consider it one of our very best exchanges. It is always handsomely illustrated, and the contributions are of the most excellent character. We wish it success.

LAND SALES.

The fancy Hill farm, in Rockbridge county, Va., has been sold by Robert Moorman, to John G. Hamilton, for $10,000. Richard T.Right has sold his farm of 300 acres, in the same county, for $5,000.

SALE OF THE NATURAL BRIDGE.

The Lexington Gazette states that the Natural Bridge property, in Rockbridge county, Va., including the hotel and 109 acres of land around it, has been sold to Mr. Sheffield for $12,000.

JEFFERSON DEBATING SOCIETY.

The first regular meeting of the Society will take place on to-morrow (Friday) evening. Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to attend. A good debate may be expected.

☞ The dwelling of Rev. Mr. BARR, at Abingdon, Va., was destroyed by fire, with its contents, Tuesday night week.

'DAUB YOURSELF WITH HONEY, AND YOU'LL HAVE PLENTY OF FLIES.'

There was never a truer proverb. In the full flush of success what number of human flies, that shunned a hazardous though excellent undertaking, will flock about you. The honey of your realized effort attracts them. You might have toiled on alone and unnoticed by the disgusting creatures if they had not seen your affairs were prosperous—that you had begun to get honey. It is the inevitable meed of an enterprise, after it has silenced the buzzing of envious flies,—by success having crowned the effort. As soon, however, as prosperity smiles upon your effort—then swarm in multitudes the flies—human flies—around about you, fluttering with delight, then, but not 'till then, ready to help you to extract the honey.—Yes! you may have toiled on for years, unnoticed, unnursed by—until, by perseverance you have gathered within the bee hive of industry much honey—when—good heavens! what a host of smiling friends flock to your side!

Then it is, that the flies spring up from the puddles, the stables, the stagnated pools of ignorance, folly, pride, prejudice, and buzz delighted to you—now, the sweetened object.

This is the way of the world—most unjust it is—yet it is the way of the world. Verily! A plenty of Honey is a most delightful possession.

MR. BUCHANAN ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

It will be seen (says the Baltimore American) from Mr. Buchanan's letter to the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of California, that the President elect has definitely committed himself in favor of the constitutional power of the government to construct a railroad to the Pacific. He derives the authority of the government to do this from its "power to declare war" and its constitutional power "to repel invasions." Strict constructionists may find some difficulty in following Mr. Buchanan in his conclusions, but as the work to be accomplished is one involving the highest and most important interests of the country, and not likely to be achieved in the present age without the powerful aid of the government, it will be generally acceptable. The Democratic and Republican parties are now both committed to the project of a Pacific railroad, and the subject will probably be one of the most important to come before Congress at its approaching session.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Directors of this Company was held on Wednesday morning. The official report of the business of the road shows the revenue for the month of October to have been as follows:

	Main stem.	Wash'n branch.	Total
For passengers,	$78,307	$29,319	$107,567
For freight,	354,378	9,425	363,804
	$432,685	$38,704	$471,391

Compared with the same month of last year, when the revenue of the main stem was $382,532 and of the Washington branch $37,344, making an aggregate of $420,867, the increase for the first month of the present fiscal year is $51,523. Compared with the large receipts of the previous month, September, the increase is $10,000. It is gratifying to note that a fair portion of this increased revenue comes from the steady growth of the passenger traffic. Through every month of last year this increase was perceptible, and the first month of the present year indicates its continuance.

[*Baltimore American.*

KANSAS.

A Washington despatch says it is now given out that *Mr. Buchanan is in favor of the admission of Kansas as a Free State.*—'He has all along held to the propriety, if not the necessity, of this course, and the recent emphatic expression of public sentiment on the course of the Pierce administration, in regard to that territory, makes it, I assure you, a fixed fact in the policy of the new government. It was deemed injudicious by Mr. Buchanan's friends to vow this before the election; but now that the contest is over, and he is to be the next occupant of the White House, there is no hesitation in making it public, and talking about it, and canvassing its effects at the North and South.

LOOK TO OUR TERMS.

We once more refer our subscribers and advertisers to our terms, published weekly. We intend to adhere to them—so look to your receipts. Subscription price of the Free Press $2.50—$2 in advance. Advertising, $1 per square of 10 lines—25 cents per square for every continuance. All advertisements not having the time of continuance marked upon them, charged according to rates.

LACK OF MINISTERS.

From an editorial in the Central Presbyterian, the Richmond Whig learns that there are now thirty-five vacant Presbyterian churches in Virginia; 35 churches without pastors; and a considerable number of them with large and influential congregations—able and anxious to procure the services of pastors. [illegible] Presbyteries in Virginia, but twenty-four counties in Virginia in which there is neither organized church nor minister of the Presbyterian denomination.

VIRGINIA METHODIST CONFERENCE.

In the Methodist Conference at Lynchburg, on 12th inst., resolutions were adopted favoring an increased effort for the diffusion of scriptural knowledge among slaves by oral instructors. Smithfield, Va., the first Tuesday in November, 1857, was selected for holding the next conference.

☞ The King of Denmark has conferred upon our distinguished countryman, Lieut. M. F. Maury, the cross of a knight of the Order of Dannebrog, as a mark of consideration for the eminent services he has rendered in that department of useful Science to which he has devoted life and talents.

☞ We state for the information of persons who were not out on Monday night, that we were visited by a Snow Storm.—Those who are already aware of the fact, need not read this paragraph!

☞ The official returns from the entire State show Fillmore's majority in Maryland to be 8,347. Gain over last year 5,648.—Fremont received in the whole State 281 votes.

APPRECIATION.

It is strange how little regard the mass of men have for one who is among and of them. A prophet is not without honor, save in his own country.—The most sterling virtues and greatness of character in every day life are as hidden things. The sight, to appreciate the beauty and worth of the modestly great must be aided by the telescope of distance and time. There are in the world men whose humble ambitions seek not for the uneasy pillow of notoriety, yet who are in their souls greater than emblazoned actions or writing can make them, and who show in their intercourse with their fellow men a loftiness of purpose and singleness of charity which prove them truly to belong to Nature's noblemen.

Men there are who, in obscurity, work unceasingly for the good of their fellowmen. The friend who walks beside us, the neighbor whom we bow to daily, the lady whom we casually meet in our strolls—yes, woman the angel of our lower Heaven—all have their cherished objects of aim, purposes which no one, save those who feel their immediate influence, know of or think about.

Some day our neighbor calls on us. It is the first chilling day of the Winter. We have pitied the poor, unable to procure shelter and fuel, but have not thought what we might accomplish for their relief. Our neighbor has a subscription for their benefit, and at the end of the week has succeeded in raising a society for their succor. That attained, he is heard of no more except as an humble member. The poor wear the clothes and burn the wood. And so in all the modest, quiet sublimities of life—the benefactor is forgotten or disregarded. There is a Heaven, where such souls are loved and rewarded. Well that it is so.

[*From the San Francisco Journal, of Oct. 17.*]

MR. BUCHANAN ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD QUESTION.

WHEATLAND, (near Lancaster, Pa.,) September 17th, 1856—*To B. F. Washington, Esq.*, Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee of California—Sir: I have received numerous communications from sources in California entitled to high regard, in reference to the proposed Pacific Railroad. As it would be impossible for me to answer them all, I deem it most proper and respectful to address you a general answer in your official capacity. In performing this duty to the citizens of California, I act in perfect consistency with the self imposed restriction contained in my letter *accepting the nomination for the Presidency*, not to answer interrogations raising new and different issues from those presented by the Cincinnati Convention, because that Convention has itself adopted a resolution in favor of this great work.

I then desire to state, briefly, that concurring with the Convention, I am decidedly favorable to the construction of the Pacific Railroad; and I derive the authority to do this from the constitutional power "to declare war" and the constitutional duty "to repel invasions." In my judgment, Congress possesses the same power to make appropriations for the construction of this road, strictly for the purpose of national defence, that it has to erect fortifications at the mouth of the harbor of San Francisco. *Indeed, the necessity, with a view to* repel foreign invasion from California, is as great in one case as in the other. Neither will there be danger from the precedent, for it is almost impossible to conceive that any case attended by such extraordinary and unprecedented circumstances can ever again occur in our history.

Yours, very respectfully,
JAMES BUCHANAN.

This is the part of the Cincinnati platform suppressed by the *Southern* press in publishing the Democratic basis of action, in the late canvass.

STARTLING, IF TRUE—"OLD BUCK" NOT YET PRESIDENT.

The New York Herald of Saturday morning publishes a despatch from Richmond, Va., the substance of which is that some of the extreme disunionists of the South have developed a plot for the control of Buchanan or the destruction of the government. The Herald says:

They propose to bring Mr. Buchanan, by letter, up to the mark of the Southern nullifiers, or to compass his defeat by giving a sufficient number of the democratic electoral votes of the South to other candidates to throw the election into the House. The nullifiers have their fears of the Northern democrats elected to the next Congress in behalf of Kansas as a free State; and from recent disclosures from Lancaster, they also have their fears of Mr. Buchanan himself. Hence this desperate plan of bringing Mr. Buchanan to the mark, or of defeating his election. The conspirators do not expect any satisfactory answer from Mr. Buchanan—they to not desire it. Their object is disunion and the spoils of a Southern confederacy. They know that the success of any such plot would throw the election into the House, they it is, create an excitement which will result in the abrupt dissolution of Congress, the suspension of the government, the secession of the Southern States in a body, and that wholly Southern confederacy which is to be the millenium of their hopes."

We give the substance of the despatch for what it is worth.

MR. FILLMORE AND SOUTHERN CITIES. SOUTHERN TRADE.

We commend the subjoined truthful remarks of the Patriot to the perusal of our readers:

It is a significant fact, made manifest by the recent national contest, that every Southern city, and many of the smaller towns, gave Millard Fillmore a majority. First among these is Baltimore, then comes Norfolk, Alexandria, Richmond, Petersburg, Wilmington, Savanah, Augusta, Mobile, Monigomery, New Orleans, Louisville, and even St. Louis. These facts show, very conclusively, that business men in the South were willing to risk *their commercial and business prosperity* with the patriotic, conservative statesman, whom, in honesty of purpose, they saw fit to vote for.

For the want of better, more truthful and judicious subjects to discuss, some Democratic journals and orators have been proclaiming that the recent decision of Baltimore, in signifying her decided, unqualified preference for Mr. Fillmore, would act injuriously to our trade. If so, then all Southern cities, and prominent amongst them, New Orleans, are destined to suffer in like manner.

IMPORTANT FROM ENGLAND.—It is stated in the Philadelphia American that private letters received in that city from the Hon George M. Dallas by *his confidential friends* convey the important intelligence that he has succeeded in negotiating a treaty between the United States and Great Britain [illegible] between the two countries. It has been the earnest desire of President Pierce and Secretary Marcy to accomplish this difficult [illegible] from office, so that all possible troubles might be smoothed away for the incoming Administration. The instructions given to Mr. Dallas, when he entered upon his mission, have been zealously acted up to by him, and the result has been most happy, as above noted.—*Nat. Intelligencer.*

HASTY BURIALS.

Another warning against the too common practice of hasty burials occurred in Sandusky county last week. Daniel Stearns, Esq., who had been ill with fever for some time, to all appearance died on Friday afternoon; all the arrangements were made, and the friends and clergyman were assembled to pay the last tribute of respect to the supposed deceased, when the body appeared warm to the touch. Restoratives were administered, and in a few minutes the man who had come so near being buried alive, was sitting up. He is now in a fair way of recovery.—*Cin. Columbian.*

SALES OF PROPERTY.

A number of sales of land, &c., took place at the *court house on Monday*, last, the first day of the November term of the County Court. A tract of land, containing one hundred and seventy-two acres, advertised by Benj. C. Speck, Administrator of Peter Speck, dec'd, was purchased by Mr. S. at the high price of $71,75 per acre. From this sale, some idea may be formed of the value of land in Berkeley county.—*Martinsburg Rep.*

☞ The Harper's Ferry [illegible] for the Democratic [illegible] will bear in mind, that the Democratic [illegible] TELL on Saturday night.

For the Free Press.

FREE SCHOOLS.

"*Five cents in cotton.*—About two centuries and a half ago the legislature of Scotland enacted that "a good and sufficient school" should be created and maintained in every parish. To these five words—"*a good and sufficient school*"—introduced into an act of parliament not larger than a man's thumb, is Scotland indebted at this day for nearly every solid glory she possesses.—*Nat. Intelligencer, Nov. 11, 1856.*

MR. EDITOR:—I send you the above extract from the National Intelligencer, and, which I think should be placed before the people in every paper of the State. The policy it inculcates, while it would reach and bless every family and child in the community, would do more to build up the happiness of the *country*, to perpetuate its institutions, and establish its solid glory, than all the millions with which we are now taxed for improvements that may turn out to be worthless, and which must always be more partial in the benefits they confer than a system of general education.

In Scotland, the *ownership* of the land is confined, comparatively, to few people, while the responsibility for children is a much more *general interest*. These five words "a good and sufficient school," put upon her statute book two hundred and fifty years ago looked to the general and not to the partial interests of the nation, and behold the result! The sons of the Scotch people, then, were ignorant and breakless Highlanders, whose greatest glory was to live and die for a few kilted chieftains; as that, of ignorant and servile people, now is, for a few political leaders, whose effective services, to them, are of about as much importance as the kilted [illegible] which, describes the gathering clans to "do or die" for their chiefs and the house of Stuart, will give some idea of their forlorn condition and the scope of their highest hopes in the restoration of the Stuarts:

"Some they hae brooks, and some they hae nane
But they all shall hae brooks when Charlie comes hame."

Charlie did "come hame." The Stuarts were restored and the Scots were not benefitted even in their nether garments! But, in the meanwhile, the *five words*—"*a good and sufficient school*" in *every parish* have worked out a regeneration for the Scots that all the "kilted chiefs and Charlies" on earth could never have accomplished. The Scottish nation is, now, one of the most enlightened, scientific, ingenious, and flourishing on earth; and, despite her barren hills, and bleak climate, a living demonstration to the world, not only of the power of education, but of the chief strength and glory of every State!

"What constitutes a State?
Not high-raised battlement or labored mound,
Thick wall, or moted gate;
Not cities proud, with spires and turrets crowned;
Not bays and broad armed ports,
Where laughing at the storm, proud navies ride;
Nor starred and spangled courts,
Where low-browed baseness wafts perfume to pride!
No! men, high-minded men,
With powers as far above dull brutes endued,
In forest, brake or den,
As beasts excel cold rocks and brambles rude;—
Men who their duties know,
But know their rights, and knowing dare maintain."

Summit Point, Nov. 17, '56. OBSERVER.

MR. BUCHANAN AT HOME.

A letter from Lancaster, Pa. to the N. York Herald, dated Nov. 1, says:

"On approaching Wheatland the visitor is struck by the air of comfort and trimness that pervades the place. The mansion is a plain brick one, without any pretension to architectural beauty, but the site on which it is built commands some pistureque views, and is shaded by fine old trees. It is a simple, substantial, republican-looking dwelling, without any of the composite decorations with which our city millionaires are in the habit of ornamenting their surburban villas. It has a warm, genial, homestead aspect promising a hospitable welcome and substantial cheer to those who enter its walls. Previous to purchase by Mr. Buchanan it belonged to Mr. William M. Meredith, late Secretary of the Treasury under Gen. Taylor, and was built, we believe, by a brother-in-law of Robert Emmet.

"On entering the house I was shown into the library, where I found Mr. Buchanan with about ten or a dozen gentlemen, who were slaughtering time by smoking cigars and talking over past and leading politicians of the neighborhood. The conversation appeared to be animated, and turned, of course, on the subject of the election. Mr. Buchanan listened attentively to the remarks made, but took very little part in them. Frank calm, impassive manner, one would have supposed him to be the party least interested of all the persons present on the subject under discussion. It was many years since I had seen him, and I was forcibly struck by the little alteration which time and the cares of office had effected in his appearance. He looked even younger, fresher and stouter than when we last met.

"Nothing could be more kind or more cordial than the manner in which he received me, though the motive of my visit was more of a personal than a political one. He is exceedingly fortunate in possessing so much *bon hommie* of manner, for I can assure you it is severely put to the test. He is beset by hosts of visitors of all conditions some of them queer samples of humanity. Only think of an enthusiastic female phrenologist making a long journey to take a cast of his head! Mr. Buchanan received his lady visitor with the greatest politeness, invited her to dinner, and told her she was welcome to examine anything she pleased about the premises, with the exception of his bumps. You can imagine the mortification of this ardent votary of science, at being compelled to leave without accomplishing the object of her journey.

"Mr. Buchanan's family circle consists for the present, of Mr. Aug. Miss Lane, (his nephew and niece,) Mr. George Plitt, of Philadelphia, and Mr. [illegible]ton, his late Secretary of Legation, in London. One [illegible] visit with him—Miss Lane, a beautiful and highly accomplished young lady, does the honors of the mansion with the same grace and affability which gained her so much popularity at the head of her uncle's establishment in London."

EXTRACT

From Washington's Code of Manners, written in his early youth.

'Every action in company ought to be with some sign of respect to those present.

'Be no flatterer, neither play with any one that delights not to be played with.

'Read no papers, letters, nor books, in company. Come not near the papers or books of another so as to read them. Look not over another when he is writing.

'Let your countenance be cheerful, but in serious matters, be grave.

'Show not yourself glad at another's misfortunes.

'Let your discourse with others on matters of business, be short.

'It is good manners to let others speak first.

'Strive not with your superiors in argument, but be modest.

'When a man does all he can, do not blame him, though he succeeds not well.

'Take admonition thankfully.

'Be not hasty to believe flying reports to the injury of another.

'In your dress be modest, and consult your condition. *Play not the peacock, looking gallantly at yourself.*

'It is better to be alone than in bad company.

'Let your conversation be without malice or envy.

'Urge not your friend to discover a secret.

'Break not a jest where none take pleasure in mirth.

'Speak not injurious words either in jest or earnest.

[illegible]

'Be not apt to relate news.

'Be not [illegible]

'Speak not evil of the absent.

'When you speak of God, let it be with reverence.

'Labor to keep alive that spark of heavenly fire called conscience.'

DEATH OF A VETERAN.—Brevet Brigadier General James Bankhead of the army, died at Baltimore on Tuesday night last, aged about seventy-three, being at the time of his death in command of the military department of the East. He entered the army as a captain of the 5th infantry in 1808, and served with distinction through all our subsequent wars and all intermediate grades to the colonelcy of the 2d artillery, and was brevetted brigadier general for "gallant and meritorious conduct at the siege of Vera Cruz" in 1847. Gen. Bankhead was a Virginian by birth, and spent some years of his youth in Europe in the family of President Monroe, while that gentleman was Minister abroad. He possessed all the higher and nobler qualities which characterize his native State, and died respected and esteemed by all who knew him.—*Nat. Int.*

INTELLIGENT VOTERS.—In 18 counties of Southern Illinois, forming a large part of what is familiary known as "Egypt"—the land of darkness—there are 11,156 males over 21 years of age who can neither read nor write. These counties gave Buchanan over 10,000 majority.

☞ The New York Tribune states that the late mail robbery average not less than $1,000 per annum, and for the last three they have been considerably more than this sum.

DEATH OF MAJ. L. B. WASHINGTON.

It becomes our painful duty to record the death of Maj. Lawrence B. Washington, formerly a citizen of this county. We have been unable to ascertain the particulars of his death, further than that he was drowned in the Missouri river, near Reach Port, on the 10th ult. He was, we believe, about 45 years of age; and has thus been cut off, at a period but little past the prime of life, leaving a large circle of relatives and friends in this county, and elsewhere, to mourn his melancholy loss. His life, thus so suddenly terminated, has been an eventful one; indeed, that of few men has been more so—few men have passed more trying ordeals—few have encountered more scenes of real danger than he, during a life of adventure, passed chiefly in Western Virginia, Mexico, California, and more recently in Kansas Territory. We might recount many deeds of daring—many hair-breadth escapes that he has made, did the limits of this brief notice allow it. Naturally bold, chivalrous, and brave almost to recklessness, yet cool and collected, in the hour of trial, no man faced danger with more dauntless courage; few men could have escaped it as often, with the same, almost miraculous success.

He was endowed by nature with a high order of genius, though accompanied, as is too often the case, with that restless activity of mind, and characteristic nervous temperament, which precluded the power of constant and severe application, and alone prevented him from taking a high rank amongst the artists and authors of the country.

We have seen many specimens both of his pen and pencil, indicating an order of genius, which, we are confident, with proper cultivation, would have placed him in the front rank with the men of genius of his day. As a poet he would have excelled [illegible] of those rare endowments of mind and heart—a subtile combinations of varied faculties, perceptive and emotive, which peculiarly fitted him for excellence in all the various branches of that art, which is pre-eminent, as "the oldest, the rarest, and the most excellent of the fine arts." With a quick insight into human nature; a love of the sublime and the beautiful almost akin to adoration; and a full and nice appreciation of the power and beauty of nature, and its varied harmonies with our own thoughts and feelings, he combined a sensitive, impulsive and warm disposition, and a facility, and striking originality of expression, guided by an unerring taste. His powers of description were graphic and fine; and he possessed a keen sense of the ridiculous, and a fund of wit and good humor, which rendered him exceedingly agreeable as a companion. And yet, when he chose to exercise it, he had a vein of sarcasm as cutting and as bitter, as any man, we ever knew. Many a time, have we in days gone by, sat and listened by the fire-side, to his tales of adventure, in the far west, and elsewhere, which his animated description and peculiar force and originality of expression rendered intensely interesting. But we shall hear them no more. He has gone to that land, from whose bourn, no traveller returns.

He had his faults—as who of us have not?—yet he possessed many sterling virtues—and combined many noble traits of character seldom to be met with; as a friend, he was warm-hearted, sincere, and true as steel; as a companion, he was agreeable and entertaining; as a relative, he was kind and affectionate; and as a man, he was generous, honorable, chivalrous, brave; and above all, as good a specimen as ever lived, of that noblest work of God—AN HONEST MAN.—*Spirit.*

THE LATE CHARLESTON DUEL.

A correspondent of Thomas Francis Meagher's *paper*, furnishes the only full account of the late fatal duel near Charleston, S. C., which has been published. He says:

Mr. Taber was a young man, influentially connected. His abilities were of the first order, and his prospects of attaining future distinction as a public man, brilliant in the extreme. He was fearless, almost to audacity, and enjoyed considerable reputation as a duellist. Magrath, though a young man of a family remarkable for talent, was regarded as one of those quiet, easy, harmless; good natured fellows, who never trouble themselves about anything, and glide so smoothly down the stream of life, that not a ripple is left to mark their track.

* * * *

Magrath knew little or nothing of the management of a pistol, and nothing whatever of duel ing. Both he and his opponent exhibited the utmost sang froid. The distance between them was but ten paces. It was arranged that they should fire "on the rise," that is, when in the act of rising, instead of whilst lowering their pistols. Just imagine the scene. The seconds take their places. The trembling spectators still further from the neighborhood of the duellists. "Gentlemen," say the seconds, "are you ready?"

"Yes," is the reply.

"Prepare to fire!"

"Fire!—One—two—three!"

The reports are heard almost simultaneously; a slight smoke envelopes the combatants, and their friends rush up to them. Neither is found to be hurt. An effort is made at reconciliation but without effect. The pistols are again loaded, the principals again take their places, and again the words "Fire!—One—two—three!" are heard. This time Magrath's bullet raised the dust, near Taber's foot, possibly striking his boot, but no further injury is done. A second and more prolonged effort at an amicable adjustment follows.

"What do you require?"—is asked of Magrath.

"I shall be satisfied," says he, "with a withdrawal of the objectionable articles and the expression on the part of the editors of the Mercury, of regret at their appearance."

"No, no," Taber replies in his quick, nervous manner—"no regret—never, sir—I recall—disclaim them, but never express regret for their publication!"

All peaceful interference is now seen to be futile. Again the pistols are loaded, and the principals walk up to the posts. The crowd recedes—the seconds take their stands—the pistols are presented—the order—"Fire!—One—two—three!" is given—the quick rat-tat is heard before the last word is uttered, and Taber is seen to stagger backwards, reel and fall. The people rush up and see a stream of blood oozing out of his forehead. "Back, gentlemen," shouts the surgeon, "clear off, that we may have room to aid the wounded man."

Alas, poor fellow, he is now beyond aid from human agency. A spasm or two and all is over with him—here.

DANGER OF WEARING HOOPS IN A HIGH WIND.—During the wind on Saturday afternoon and while the dust was circulating so thick hat no one could see more than the length of an eyelash in front, a lady, dressed in the most elegant style, in coming round one of the corners, was lifted off her feet by the force of the wind acting on the great expanse of surface which she presented to it. The wind unfortunately did not set her down in the same position in which she was before being taken up, but turning her gently on one side, it laid her endwise on the sidewalk, where she commenced a series of astonishing gyrations, rolling over and over on the hoops of the skirts, and exhibiting a species of locomotion which is not yet generally appreciated, and which may come into fashion, with high winds and large circlets of light material. As the lady thus rolled over and over, several persons were knocked down and passed over by the lady and the hoops without ever knowing that any thing had been them. Fortunately for the lady, the dust and the astonishment of the people out of doors permitted but a few to witness this new method of getting along in a stiff breeze, and keeping up will sail at the same time. As we came round a corner, we found the lady wedged between a lamp post and a hydrant, and immediately assisted her to an upright instead of a recumbent position.—*Detroit Advertiser.*

SKELETON OF A GIANT FOUND.

A day or two since, says the Wheeling Times, [illegible] ing, came across a human skeleton. Although much crumbled, there was enough left to identifying it, by placing the bones which could not have belonged to other than a human body, in their primitive position. The impression made by the skeleton in the earth, and the skeleton itself, were measured by the Sheriff and a brother in the craft *locale*, both of whom are prepared to swear that it was *ten feet nine inches in length*. Its jaws and teeth were almost as large as those of a horse. The bones are to be seen at the Sheriff's office.

OFFICIAL RETURNS OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 14.—The complete official returns of the vote of this State for President is as follows:

Buchanan,	230,500
Fusion ticket—Fremont,	147,447
" do do Fillmore,	55,901
Straight Fillmore,	56,128
Straight Fremont,	100
Gerrett Smith,	19

Buchanan's majority over the Fusion ticket is 27,153, and over all 705.

OFF, AGAIN.

We have just returned from a four years' voyage in the Salines, and were regretting that we had to leave that delightful region, when by the telegraph has assured us of the election of Buchanan and that there is no necessity for us to remain longer any longer. We shall hasten back with joy to our old stamping ground, and hope we shall not be again disturbed in our quiet retreat for upwards of a long time. Fall into line oh ye anxious friends, and let us hasten to Salt River! The train leaves next Tuesday. Let every friend of Fillmore be present! All aboard!!—*Charlottsville Adv.*

OLD SAWS NEW SET.

A man is better for liking himself if nobody else like him. We are not sure of that. It sometimes happens that a man's faults are all known to his neighbors, while his good qualities are only known to himself. A proper self-love is one of the highest requisites to a manly character.

He who peeps through a keyhole may see what will vex him. And "served him right." Peeping through keyholes is a manifest abuse of the intention which was made to keep out intrusion, not to invite it.

Curses like chickens, generally come home to roost. Yes, *fool* curses; it is quite natural and proper they should.

Faint praise is disparagement.—It certainly is, and often much stronger disparagement than hearty abuse. Pope draws a sharp portrait of those who

"Damn with faint praise, assent with civil leer,
And, without sneering, teach the rest to sneer."

Rome was not built in a day.—Who the deuce ever supposed it was? It takes a fortnight to build a Western city, and the Romans were "slow coaches" compared with the go-aheads of this

Baltimore Market.

Randolph & Latimer's

For the week ending Nov. 19, 1856.

CITY OF PRICES IN THE BALTIMORE MARKET Reported expressly for the Free Press.

BUTTER.—Market steady and prices unchanged. We quote Western at 14a16 cts; Roll common at 11 cts; Glades at 18a20 cts; Good at 22a23

BACON.—Market firm and prices steady. We quote Shoulders at 6a8¼ cts; Hams plain at 9a11 cts; Sides at 9a10 cts; Fancy at 12a13 cents.

FLOUR.—Large receipts and market dull. Sales of Western at 6 25a6 50; Yellow at 6 25a6 66.

FLOUR.—Market fair with large receipts, prices with an upward tendency. We quote City Mills at $6 75, Howard Street at $6.87.

WHEAT.—Light receipts and market firm. We quote Inferior to Good Red at $1 50 to $1 56; Fair to Prime at $1 60 to $1 65; Inferior to Good White at $1 50 to $1 60; Good to Prime at $1.50 to $1 60.

JEFFERSON LAND For Sale.

THE subscriber, wishes to sell his Farm lying on the W. & P. Railroad, between Summit Point and Cameron's Depot. It contains about

169 Acres

of which some time since Land, [illegible] acres in heavy timber and the balance in [illegible] of convenient size for farming purposes. [illegible] Mr. Albert Fine will be in charge. [illegible] person wishing to purchase will please make known [illegible] or on application to me at Rippon, Jefferson County Va. A. C. TIMBERLAKE.

September 20, 1856.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va., on the 15th day of October, 1856.

Bates, Miss Betty Beall, Perry Brown, Double, Martin V. Double, Catharine Dust, Ann Folke, Mrs. Sarah M. Gilbert, Sarah Hess, Mrs Mary Hannah, Mrs. Elizabeth A. G. Haden, Hope & Kuhn, Peter Langhorne, Alexander T. Laidley, Reuben P. McCormick, Miss Fanny McCarty, Robert Parmer, John Q. Timothy Ryan, Mrs. Elizabeth Rescorl, Mr. T. A. Roe, J. S. Smith, Smith & Winpig.

JOHN P. BROWN, P. M.

October 20, 1856.

Jefferson Debating Society.

WILL be a meeting of the Society on Friday Evening, 21st inst., at

JEFFERSON HALL.

Question.—Ought female education be as perfect as that of the other sex?"

Mr. Hickory Hunter, Daniel B. Lucas, Esq., and Lawson Botts.

All are invited to attend.

H. P. COOKE, *President.*

W. G. Gallaher, Sec'y. [Nov. 20, 1856.

HARDWARE.

Now receiving my Stock of Hardware, consisting of Grain and Long Handle Forks and Shovel Handles, 2, 3, and 4 Grain and Manure Forks, Meal and Cloth Sieves, round and square wire Rat Traps, Tinned Coal Hodes, Sausage Meat Cutters, Hammers, frame Saws and Saw Knives, Axes, assorted sizes, 1 1-4 and 1½, Hemp and Coal Hods, to be had at the Market

T. RAWLINS.

A CARD.

R. BLACKBURN respectfully informs the public that he has changed his Office, to the rooms adjoining the Free Press Office, (up stairs over Mason's House,) where he may be found at his residence in the town of Charlestown, at night, where he will promptly attend to all calls in the way of his profession.

[Nov. 20, 1856.—3t

Jefferson County Agr'l Society.

An Annual Meeting of the Jefferson County Agricultural Society, will be held at their Hall on Saturday December 34, at which time, officers for the ensuing year, will be elected.—

Members are requested to be present.

Jas. Lee Hoore, Sec'y.

SAWING.

The subscriber has now on his clearing near Charlestown, a Steam Saw Mill. He will fill orders for any kind of LUMBER, if applications be made in the next two weeks, after which time it will be removed.

JOHN BURNS.

FLOUR.

A Extra Flour, can always be had at Daniel Welsh's celebrated brand.—He having the sole agency for Charlestown, will offer it at the lowest Market rates,

E. M. AISQUITH.

Sept. 1856.—3t Spt.

LUMBER.

50,000 Prime Cypress Shingles, 30 000 Plastering Laths (sawed) 5 000 [illegible] 1000 feet 2 inch Plank, for sale at

E. M. AISQUITH.

Sept 20 1856.—3t Spt

Slaughter of Dry Goods,

AT WINFIELD next week. Auction every day through SEPT.

Cash on delivery of Goods.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

Fresh Perfumed Breath, and beautiful complexion can be acquired by using Thousand Flowers, for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

FAMILY FLOUR, for sale by

CRAMER & HAWKS

DRAMATIC SOCIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S DRAMATIC SOCIETY of Charlestown, most respectfully announce to Ladies and Gentlemen of this place and vicinity that they will give another of their popular entertainments in Jefferson Hall,"

On Friday Evening, November 22, 1856,

When will be presented Knowles' celebrated Play,

WILLIAM TELL,

—or—

THE HERO OF SWITZERLAND.

To which is added the celebrated and far-famed Drama of

THE FOREST ROSE,

—or—

American Farmer.

Admission 25 cts. Doors open at 6 o'clock and to commence at 7.

Music will be in attendance.

Seats reserved for the Ladies.

Care will be in attendance to secure Seats.

[Nov. 13, 1856.

WANTED

[illegible] Stock of Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, for which the highest price will be paid in cash by the subscriber, who may be found at Smith's Hotel, Charlestown, every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, during the balance of this month.

[illegible] and thirty servant men.

[illegible] will be given [illegible] for parties concerned.

STRAYED

[illegible] October, on the 1st of this month, a BLACK MARE three years old, 16 hands high, [illegible] in pasterns white, near eye defective, [illegible] gear; was seen at McPherson's Tavern, [illegible] in that neighborhood—[illegible] Mr Newton Brown. A suitable reward will be given for her or information

HUGH H. McGUIRE.

NOTICE.

OFFICE W. & P. R. R. Co., November 4, 1856.

On and after Wednesday, the 5th of November, the PASSENGER TRAIN will leave the Depot at nine o'clock A. M.

J. GEO. HEIST, Agent.

FOR SALE.

A very valuable Negroes, consisting of a wife and several children; sold for no fault. Enquire at

THIS OFFICE.

LET ALL TRY IT.

[illegible] instant relief, a speedy cure for Colds, Asthma, &c. Price only 25 cts. Just received and for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

GAP VIEW,

[illegible] before the 25th of December next, I will sell the Tract of Land I now live on, containing [illegible] Acres, lying on the Leetown road, [illegible] months credit.

JAMES L. RANSON.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold at Public Auction, at the late residence of Thomas West, dec'd, near Summit Point, in this County,

On Wednesday, 3rd day of December, 1856,

the following property:—

6 head of Work Horses and Colts;
7 head of Cattle;
Milch Cows, &c.;
20 Fat Hogs;
35 Stock Hogs, including Brood Sows;
3 Barshear Ploughs;
3 Double Shovel Ploughs;
3 Single Shovel Ploughs;
2 Harrows; 2 Wagons;
1 Cart; 1 Wheat Fan;
1 Little Giant;
1 Carriage and Harness;
1 Sleigh;
Shovels, Forks, Rakes, &c.;
10,000 pieces double Cooper Staff;
A Small lot of Wheat;
70 Acres of Wheat in the Ground;
50 Acres of Corn in the Shock;

ALSO,

Household and Kitchen Furniture,

and many articles unnecessary to mention.

Also, at the same time and place, I will sell the Farm on which the said Thomas West resided. It contains about

220 Acres.

The farm is so well known, that a description is unnecessary. Persons desirous of purchasing a location of this Farm, can apply to the undersigned, who will take pleasure in showing it.

Also, a HOUSE and LOT adjacent to the above named Farm.

TERMS.—The Personal Property will be sold on a credit of 12 months, on all sums of five dollars and upwards—under five, the Cash will be required. Bonds with approved security must be given before the removal of property. Interest from day of Sale will be charged, if the Bonds are not paid at maturity.

The terms of Sale of Farm and also of House and Lot, will be made known on day of Sale, and will be made accommodating.

LEWIS FRY,
Executor of Thomas West, dec'd.

November 13, 1856.—tds

SWAN & CO.'S LOTTERIES.

Southern Military Academy Lottery!

CLASS K,

To be drawn in the City of Mobile, Alabama, in public, on Wednesday, December 10th, 1856, on the plan of single numbers

John Hunter and W. W. McGuire, Esqs. Com'rs.

30,000 *Tickets*—3,280 *Prizes!*

MORE THAN 1 PRIZE TO EVERY 10 TICKETS.

BRILLIANT SCHEME!

1 prize of	$40,000	1 prize of	$1,000
1 "	12,000	10 prizes of	200
1 "	5,000	100 "	100
1 "	2,000	100 "	70
1 "	1,000		

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

4 prizes of $150 app'g to $40,000 prize are			$ 600
4 "	125 "	12,000 "	500
4 "	100 "	5,000 "	400
4 "	75 "	2,000 "	300
8 "	50 "	1,000 prizes are	400
40 "	45 "	200 "	1,800
3,000 "	40 are		120,000
3,280 prizes amounting to			$234,000

Whole Tickets $10; Halves $5; Quarters $2 50.

3000 prizes of $40 will be determined by the last figure of the Number that draws the $40 000 prize. For example, if the number drawing the $40,000 prize ends with No. 1, then all the tickets where the number ends in 1 will be entitled to $40. If the number ends with No. 2 then all the tickets where the number ends in 2 will be entitled to $40, and so on to 0.

Certificates of Packages will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk:

Certificate of Package of 10 Whole Tickets,		$60
" "	10 Half	30
" "	10 Quarter	15

Address orders for Tickets or Certificates either to S SWAN & CO, Atlanta, Ga, or S. SWAN, Montgomery, Ala.

November 13, 1856.

Public Sale of REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of the order of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, in the suit of Luke Tiernan Brien against Isabel A. Brien, the undersigned, Sheriff of Jefferson County, will,

On Monday the 15th day of December, 1856,

the same being the first day of the term of the County Court of said County, sell to the highest bidder, at public sale, so much of the real estate attached in the said suit, to wit: that tract of Land situated in said County, lying on the Potomac river, and called the

Ore Bank,

as will be sufficient to pay off the following judgments—$2500 00 and $10,11¼, to be discharged by the payment of $1250 00 with interest at the rate of six per centum per annum from the 26th day of April, 1851, until paid, and $2,00 cost of protest, subject to a credit of $760 paid February 14, 1853, and the further sum of $2500 00 and 9 03¼ to be, discharged by the payment of $1250 00 with interest at the rate aforesaid from the 15th day of May, 1851, till paid and the said sum of $9,03¼ and $2,00 cost of protest, being the amount of two several judgments for principal sums and interest thereon, with costs of suit and charges of protest recovered by the plaintiff against the defendant before the Superior Court of Baltimore City in the State of Maryland, also, the costs of the plaintiff in the above suit $13 05 and the costs of sale.

TERMS—One third in cash, and the residue in two equal payments, at six and twelve months—title to be withheld until the whole is paid.

ROBERT LUCAS,
Sheriff of Jefferson Co.

Nov. 13, 1856.

Virginia, Jefferson County, to-wit:

In the County Court, October Term, 1856.

William McCoy, *Complainant,*

AGAINST

George B. Stephenson, executor of John Gillaspy, Margaret Gillaspy, widow of said John Gillaspy, William Wilson, Eliza Hyson and James Hyson, her husband, Maria Wilson, widow of James Wilson, and her children Norval E., Ann C., William G., Emanuel W., Mary E. and Sarah L. C. Wilson, *Defendants,*

IN CHANCERY.

THIS cause is referred to a commissioner of this Court to settle the executoreal account of the said George B. Stephenson as executor aforesaid, to report the debts due from the said decedent, John Gillaspy, the value and the annual value of the real estate in the bill mentioned, and any other matter that the said commissioner may deem pertinent, of which any party may require

T. A. MOORE Clerk.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Charlestown, November 13th 1856.

THE parties to the above suit, and the creditors of John Gillaspy, deceased, are hereby notified that I have appointed the 13th day of December next, at my said office, to execute the above decree at which time and place they are required to attend.

SAM'L STONE, Com'r.

Nov. 13, 1856

READY MADE CLOTHING, &c., AT COST.

INTENDING to close my business in Charlestown, I will sell my entire stock of Ready Made Clothing, at cost. My stock is large and well selected, and comprises every variety usually kept in a first class establishment. Those in want of Clothing will find it to their interest to call and examine for themselves, as I am determined to close my business as soon as possible. Call at the Corner Store.

[illegible]

[illegible] Frock Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Caps, Ladies Caps, Flannels and a general stock of DRY GOODS and Jewelry. A rare opportunity is now offered to the citizens of Charlestown and neighborhood, to supply themselves with winter goods, as I am determined to run the whole stock off in double quick time, and if they will not bring cost, I will sell them for less, as I am determined to take nothing away. Delay not, as time is money, so come a running, one and all and get the bargains.

JACOB NOAH.

P S All those indebted to me will please call up to the Captains office, and settle before the boat leaves.

J. N.

November 13, 1856.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to those persons who became purchasers at the sale of Jehu S. Burns, that their notes will be due on the 27th inst. and are in my hands for collection. For the convenience of those interested, I will attend at Walker's Cross Roads, on Friday the 28th, from 10 o'clock until 2 o'clock, P. M., and the same hours on Saturday the 29th, at Dunnington. Prompt payment is expected to be made.

JAMES L. CAMPBELL.

November 13, '56—3t.

Information Wanted

OF my husband, Gideon Dunn, who left here about four months ago, since which time nothing has been heard of him. He is a shoemaker by trade, and about fifty years of age. Any information respecting his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his distressed wife.

REBECCA DUNN.

Winchester, Va., Nov. 13, 1856.

STABLER'S fresh ground Mustard, to be had at

T. RAWLINS.

Nov. 13, 1856

Brilliant Schemes for Dec. '56.

GREGORY & MAURY, MANAGERS, *WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.*

To be drawn under the Superintendence of Commissioners appointed by the Governor.

$40,000!

Lottery for the benefit of the *State of Delaware,* Class 273 for 1856, to be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, December 6th, 1856.

78 Number Lottery—13 Drawn Ballots.

RICH SCHEME.

1 Prize of $40,000; 1 Prize of 20,000; 1 of 10,000; 1 of 6,000; 1 of 5,000; 1 of 4,000; 1 of 3,255; 20 Prizes of 1000; 20 of 500; 20 of 400; 20 of 300; 199 of 200, &c., &c., &c.

Tickets, $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2 50

Certificates of P'ks of 25 Whole Tickets,		$130.00
Do do	25 Half do	65.00
Do do	25 Quarters do	32,50

$50,453!

Lottery for the benefit of the *State of Delaware,* Class 279, for 1856, to be drawn at Wilmington, Delaware, on Saturday, December 13th, 1856.

78 number Lottery—14 drawn ballots.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 Grand Prize of $50,453; 1 Splendid do., 20,000; 2 Prizes of 10,000; 2 Prizes of 6,000; 5 Prizes of 3,000; 5 Prizes of 2,500; 100 of 600; 250 of 300, &c., &c.

Tickets $15—Halves $7.50—Quarters $3.75. Eighths $1.87½.

Certificates of P'ks of 26 Whole tickets,		$180,00
Do do	26 Half "	90,00
Do do	26 quarter "	45,00
Do do	26 eighth "	22,50

$37,500!

Lottery for the benefit of the *State of Delaware,* Class 285, for 1856, to be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday, December 20th, 1856.

78 No. Lottery—13 drawn ballots.

BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 prize of $37,500; 1 Prize of 20,000; 1 Prize 15,000; 1 Prize of 10,000; 1 Prize of 6,000; 1 of 3,785; 40 of 1,000; 40 of 500; 200 [Lowest 3 No. Prizes] of 250, &c., &c., &c.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2.50.

Certificates of P'ks of 26 Whole tickets,		$140,00
Do do	26 half "	70,00
Do do	26 quarter "	35,00

$67,500!

Lottery for the benefit of the *State of Delaware,* Class U, for 1856, to be drawn at Wilmington, Del., on Saturday December 27th, 1856.

75 number Lottery—12 drawn ballots.

MAGNIFICENT SCHEME.

1 Grand Prize of $67,500; 1 Prize of 30,000; 1 Prize of 25,000; 1 Prize of 15,000; 1 of 10,000, 1 of 6,000; 1 of 5,000; 1 of 3,168; 212 [Lowest 3 No. Prizes] of 1,000, &c., &c., &c.

Tickets $20.00—Halves 10 00—Quarters 5,00—Eighths 2 50.

Certificates of Pk's of 25 whole tickets		$260,00
Do do	25 half do	130,00
Do do	25 quarter do	65,00
Do do	25 eighth do	32,50

☞ Orders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above Splendid Lotteries, will receive the most prompt attention and an account of each drawing will be sent immediately after it is over to all who order from me—

Addr'ss, P. J. BUCKEY, Agent,
November 13, 1856. Wilmington, Del.

SUPERIOR FAMILY FLOUR, for sale by

CRAMER & HAWKS.

November 13, 1856

SALE Of a Valuable JEFFERSON FARM

THE purchaser at the sale made by the undersigned made on the 30th of July, 1856, having failed to comply with the terms of sale, we shall, in pursuance of the terms then made known, and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, rendered on the 6th day of June, 1855, and of another decree of the same Court, made October 24, 1856, in the cause therein depending of the Cumberland Savings Institution, and others plaintiffs vs. F. and J. W. Reynolds, and others, defendants, as Special Commissioners appointed for the purpose, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, on

Monday, the 15th of December, 1856,

(Court day,) before the Court House in Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., the valuable and productive FARM, situated in the County of Jefferson, adjoining the lands of Jacob Staley, John Wysong, and others, containing

318 Acres, 3 Roods, and 5 Perches,

as appears by survey thereof lately made by the Surveyor of Jefferson County. The purchaser will be entitled to one half of the growing crop.

As persons disposed to purchase, will doubtless view the premises for themselves, it is deemed unnecessary to describe the property further than to say, it has excellent improvements, and that by general consent it is considered one of the most valuable and productive Farms in the county of Jefferson.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-fourth of the purchase money Cash at the time and on the sale, the balance in three equal instalments at one, two and three years—the deferred payments to bear interest from the day of sale for the whole unpaid purchase money upon any one of said deferred payments remaining unpaid when due.

ANDREW HUNTER, } Special
EDMUND I. LEE. } Commr's.

November 6, 1856.

Valuable Real Estate for Sale,

THE undersigned will sell all the lands owned by the heirs of the late Lewis Neill, dec'd, lying in the county of Clarke, State of Virginia, and adjoining the property of Bonham, Pearce, Carter, Wood and others. It is unnecessary to describe minutely this property, as it is already known in the community where it lies to be very valuable for every description of Grain raised in this part of Virginia.

Persons wishing to purchase, can apply to me either directly or by letter. My Post Office is at Duffield's Jefferson County, Va.

CORBINA E. NEILL, Executrix, of L. Neill, dec'd.

November 6, 1856

☞ Berryville Gazette, Winchester Republican, copy two months and send bill.

[illegible] need occur as [illegible] inasmuch as [illegible] Years. [illegible] as to the action [illegible] determined [illegible] time, chosen [illegible] company, [illegible] more hazardous [illegible] the consent [illegible] writing and a [illegible] therefor.

[illegible] Stock of Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, for which the highest price will be paid in cash by the subscriber, who may be found at Smith's Hotel, Charlestown, every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, during the balance of this month.

[illegible] and thirty servant men.

[illegible] will be given [illegible] for parties concerned.

STRAYED

[illegible] October, on the 1st of this month, a BLACK MARE three years old, 16 hands high, [illegible] in pasterns white, near eye defective, [illegible] gear; was seen at McPherson's Tavern, [illegible] in that neighborhood—[illegible] Mr Newton Brown. A suitable reward will be given for her or information

HUGH H. McGUIRE.

NOTICE.

OFFICE W. & P. R. R. Co., November 4, 1856.

On and after Wednesday, the 5th of November, the PASSENGER TRAIN will leave the Depot at nine o'clock A. M.

J. GEO. HEIST, Agent.

FOR SALE.

A very valuable Negroes, consisting of a wife and several children; sold for no fault. Enquire at

THIS OFFICE.

LET ALL TRY IT.

[illegible] instant relief, a speedy cure for Colds, Asthma, &c. Price only 25 cts. Just received and for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

GAP VIEW,

[illegible] before the 25th of December next, I will sell the Tract of Land I now live on, containing [illegible] Acres, lying on the Leetown road, [illegible] months credit.

JAMES L. RANSON.

Jefferson Land at Public Sale.

WILL be offered to the highest bidder, at Kerneysville, Jefferson County, Va., on *Friday, November 21st* 1856, at 12 o'clock, M., my FARM lying near Walper's Cross Roads, and containing about

110 Acres,

adjoining the lands of Uriah Kerney, Dr. Magruder, G. M. Butler and others.

TERMS made known on day of sale.

SUSAN T. SMITH.

Berryville, November 1, 1856

Estray Steer.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, at his residence, near Charlestown, on the 15th of last Month, an ESTRAY STEER, dark, red and white, about three years old and appraised at $30. The owner can have said Estray by proving property, and paying charges.

JONATHAN PETTIT.

November 6, 1856.—3t

For Rent.

I HAVE for Rent a WAGON-MAKER and BLACKSMITH SHOP. Also, one Dwelling House from the 1st of April next.

Any person wishing to rent, can have possession now.

A. H. KERNEY.

Kerneysville, Jefferson county, Va.

Nov. 6, 1856—tf.

WANTED,

A MAN of sober and industrious habits with a small family, to act as Foreman on a Farm. Good recommendations will be required.—Enquire of the PRINTER.

Nov. 6, 1856.—3t.*

Let all the world say what they can,
For selling capital prizes M. Ansel & Co. are the man,

M. ANSEL & CO.,

EXCHANGE AND LOTTERY BROKERS, CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND LIGHT STREETS.

TAKE much pleasure of presenting to the Virginia public some of the most splendid Lotteries ever drawn in this city, particularly the one to be drawn on Saturday, November 22, Capital Prize $100,000, and we hope that every person will send their orders soon that we may select that Prize for them.

A GRAND SCHEME.

$27,500.

On Monday, Nov. 10th, Washington County Lottery, Class 37, Capital Pr.e $27,500; $10,500; $5,176; 5 of $3,500.

78 nos.—13 ballots.

Whole tickets $8—Halves $4—Quarters $2 Eighths $1.

Certificates of Wholes $119.50; Halves $59.50; Quarters $29.50

A BEAUTIFUL SCHEME.

$40,000!

On Saturday, November 15th, Grand Consolidated $5 Lottery, Class 37, Capital $40,000; 2 of $10,000; do 007; 2 of $5000; 10 of 2,000; 20 of 1,000; 20 of 600.

78 nos.—12 ballots.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50. Eighths 1,25.

Certificates of Wholes $158—Halves $79—Quarters $39.50.

$31,000!

On Wednesday, Nov. 19, Susquehanna Canal Lottery, Class 49, Capital Prize $31,000; $8,416; 5 of $3,500; 5 of $2,000; 10 of $1,500; 10 of $1,000.

78 nos.—14 Ballots.

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50—Eighths $1.25.

Certificate of Wholes $141; Halves 70,50; Quarters 35,25.

A FINE SCHEME.

$100,000!

Saturday, Nov. 22, Grand Consolidated Lottery class 6, Capital Prize $100,000; 50,000; 25,000; 15,000; 11,040.

1,000 Prizes and 30,000 Numbers.

Whole tickets $20—Halves $10—Quar. $5—Eighths $2,50.

A GREAT SCHEME.

$5,000.

On Saturday, Nov 22, Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class 38, Capital Prize $35,000; $13,000; $10,609; 4 of $6,000; 5 of $3,000; 5 of 2,000; 10 of $1,000.

78 nos.—12 ballots.

Whole Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters 2,50. Eighths $1.25.

Certificate of Wholes $158; Halves $79; Quarters $39,50.

A NOBLE SCHEME.

$24,000.

On Tuesday, November 25, Bel Air Lottery Class 52, Capital Prize $24,000; 6 of $3,000; 6 of $2,000.

75 nos.—12 ballots.

Whole Tickets $5—Halves $2,50—Quarters 1,25

Certificates of Wholes $71; Halves $37; Quarters $18,50.

A FINE SCHEME.

$30,909!

On Wednesday, November 26, Susquehanna Canal Lottery, Class 50, Capital Prize $30,909; 19 of 3,000; 100 of 1,000; 100 of 400.

78 nos.—12 Ballots.

Tickets $10—Halves 5—Quarters $2.50. Eighths 1,25.

Certificate of Wholes $158; Halves $79; Quarters $39 50.

A SPLENDID SCHEME.

$20,000!

On Thursday, November 27, Carroll County Lottery, Class 35, Capital Prize $20,000; $9000; 2 of 4,500; 3 of 3,000.

75 nos.—12 Ballots.

Whole Tickets $5—Halves $2,50—Quarters $1 25.

Certificates of Wholes $74; Halves $37; Quarters $18,50.

A GRAND SCHEME.

$36,285.

On Saturday, November 29, Grand Consolidated Lottery, Class P, Capital Prizes $36,285; 9 of $10,000; 6 of $4,000; 6 of $3,000; 6 of $2,000

75 nos.—12 Ballots.

Tickets $10;—Halves 5;—Quarters 2,50. Eighths 1,25.

Certificates of Wholes $148; Halves $74; Quarters $37.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The famous and lucky Patapsco Lottery, (Small Fry) will hereafter be drawn on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. Capitals $5,000, $3,000, $2,500, 10 of $1,000, &c., &c. Tickets $1,00; Halves 50 cents, Quarters 25 cents. A full Certificate of Package of 26 whole tickets in these famous little Schemes cost but $15, Halves $7,50, Quarters, $3,75, and a single Package can draw the four highest prizes in the Lottery.

All orders to secure the earliest attention and best selection of regular Packages, of single Tickets and Shares, must be forwarded without delay, and addressed to us, the great Prize Agents.

The Official Drawing of these great Lotteries, duly certified to, by the State Commissioner, will be sent immediately after it is drawn, with a full explanation of the result. The above list contains only the Capitals—the Prizes in every Lottery vary from the price of Tickets upwards.

N. B. Correspondents cannot be too careful in writing in each letter their Post Office, County and State, and those holding prize tickets, and wishing them renewed or cashed, must invariably remit the tickets, the tickets being, like Bank notes, payable on presentation only.

M. ANSEL & CO, Box 729 P. O.

Nov. 6, 1856. Baltimore, Md.

TRUST SALE.

IN pursuance of the provisions of a Deed of Trust executed by Philip Coons, to the undersigned, Trustee, dated the 3rd day of December, 1853, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Loudoun, for the benefit of Joseph Conrad and others, I will proceed to sell,

On Saturday, the 6th of December,

before the United States Hotel, in the town of Harpers-Ferry, at 12 o'clock, M.,

The Tract of Land,

conveyed in said Deed, called the "Still House Farm," situated in the County of Loudoun, about two miles from the town of Harpers Ferry, and bordering on the Potomac River, adjoining the lands of Joseph Conrad and others, containing about

309 Acres of Land.

There are on this Farm two good Dwelling Houses and a Still House, and the land is in good tillable condition; produces well, and is stocked with the best fruit, in fine bearing order. Those desiring to purchase will be shown the premises by Mr. Henry Lee, who resides on the farm.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE.—One-third Cash on the day of sale, with the costs of executing this Trust, including the commission to the Trustee on the amount of Sale, one-third in six, and the balance in twelve months, with interest. The purchaser to give a Deed of Trust on the premises to secure the deferred payments and to pay the usual professional fees for drawing the necessary deeds. The dower right of Mrs. A. C. Coons, the wife of the said Coons, not having been relinquished in this Deed, the interest of Philip Coons only will be sold by us: But her ultimate right of dower having been relinquished and conveyed subsequently by her to John C. Unseld, Trustee, and general assignee, for the benefit of the creditors of said P. Coons, the same will be sold by the said Trustee at the same time and place, whereby a full title may be made to the purchaser.

M. FUGAWILER.

Nov. 6, 1856.

Valuable LAND FOR SALE.

I WILL sell on *Monday, December 15th,* 1856, (being Court day) before the Court House in Charlestown, at 12 o'clock, M., the farm upon which I reside, 3 miles from the above place and 2 from the Shenandoah river. The Farm contains

350 Acres

of fine Limestone land, 60 in Timber. The improvements comprise good Dwelling, 2 Barns, Corn, Hog, Carriage, Ice and Spring House, and every other building required for a farm of its size and all in complete repair, having been built within the last 5 years. The farm is divided into 8 fields besides a Meadow of 17 acres. Orchard and Lots about the house. There is a never failing stream upon the lands to which all the fields have access, also several fine Springs and Cistern near the house. A fine Merchant and Saw Mill has lately been erected 1-4 mile from the premises. There is upon the Farm 24 Gates in good order. To any one desiring a good location, with every improvement, a fine chance is offered. Should the farm be too large, a portion of it could be disposed of.

Terms made known upon day of sale, or upon application to

JAMES LAW. HOOFF,
Charlestown, P. O.

Nov. 6, 1856—ts. Spt.

HIDES.

[illegible] is the end of informing friends and the public, that owing to the [illegible] good slaughtering [illegible] Hides, I am prepared to pay the highest price in Cash for Hides, Tallow and Leather.

DAVID HOWELL.

Nov. 6, 1856—4t

said at Rich-

NEW GOODS,

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

FRY & BECKWITH have received their supply of FALL AND WINTER GOODS which is *larger* and *richer* than they have ever had the pleasure of offering to the public. Their Stock was selected with *the greatest care* from the largest importers of Baltimore and Philadelphia, and they pledge themselves to offer inducements to every citizen of Clarke who will favor them with a call. Their Stock consists in part as follows:

A large Stock of Black Silks, rich printed French Mouseline DeLane and Cashmeres. French Merrinos all colors, & large assortment of low-priced printed DeLanes, DeBages, American & British Prints, Bombazines, black Alpacas, black Mousselines, black and white Ginghams, black and white Prints.

WHITE GOODS.

Cambrics, Jaconet do, Swiss Muslins (a beautiful make,) Nainsook Muslins, Plaid do, India Muslins, Plaid Cambrics, striped Swiss Muslin, dotted and figured Swiss Muslin.

EMBROIDERIES, &c.

French work Collars, Cambric Collars, Cambric and Swiss Insertings and Edgings, worked Cambric and Swiss Bands, embroidered Linen Cambric Hdkfs. plain L. C. Hkfs. from 10c to $1.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

White, black and slate-colored cotton Hose; white and black Lambs-wool Hose. Silk Hose, white, colored and black Kid Gloves; Silk and Woolen Gloves in great variety.

HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

Red Blankets, Servants' Blankets, white Flannels to sell at 25c to $1, Barnsley Sheetings, 3-4 10-4 and 11-4; bleached Sheetings very cheap, N. Y. Mills Cotton, brown, bleached and colored; Damask Table Linens, Crash, Huckaback, Russia Diaper, Birdeye do, bordered Towels, Embroidered Curtain Muslins, Turkey Red.

MEN'S WEAR.

French and English Cloths in black and fancy colors; very superior Doeskin Cassimers; fancy French, English and American Cassimers; Tweed Cassimers, Satinets, Silk Velvet and Fancy Silk Vestings, black Satin do, black Grenadine do, Lambswool Shirts and Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Scarfs, Pocket Hdkfs. &c., &c.

IN addition to the above we have a large Stock of BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, and in fact every article the farmer or mechanic may desire.

SALT, PLASTER, LUMBER, GRATE AND SMITH'S COAL.

AND

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Consisting of Brown and Crushed Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Tea, Salt, Soap, Candles, Tobacco and Segars, and all the small articles and Groceries.

Come to the Depot and get bargains.

FRY & BECKWITH.

Summit Point, Va., Oct. 30, 1856.

First Come—First Served.

GREAT BARGAINS IN THE PEOPLE!

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!

AND call at the Charlestown Ready-Made Clothing Store, if you want cheap goods at comparatively half prices.

The undersigned having removed his store to the rooms recently occupied by Mr. T. C. Sigafoose, immediately opposite the Court-house, is now opening for the benefit of the Public generally, one of the largest and choicest assortments of

Ready-Made Clothing,

ever offered before to the people of Charlestown and its vicinity. His stock embraces every article which necessity or taste may suggest for the covering of the "outer man," and each article of the best material and made in like manner. He deems it unnecessary to enumerate his stock, as it embraces every article, necessary for gentlemen's apparel, no less than a large and general assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods, Fancy Articles, generally, beside almost every other article usually found in village stores.

Having purchased his goods exclusively for Cash, he will sell them at a price which will make it the interest of all who may wish to purchase to at least examine his stock, before they purchase elsewhere.

So strangers and others, will bear in mind, the Charlestown Ready-Made Clothing Store, is the place for Bargains! A penny made is a penny saved, is an old axiom, and in these hard times, who will disregard it?

Oct. 9, 1856. JACOB NOAH.

NEW GOODS,

For Fall and Winter.

CHARLES JOHNSON has just finished opening his FALL AND WINTER STOCK, of rich and fashionable DRY GOODS. Embracing everything new and desirable in his line of business.

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

Silks, Marinoes, French and Scotch Plaids, Cashmeres, Delaines, Popplins, Bombazines, Crapes, Chintzes, &c.

EMBRODERIES.

A very large Stock in French and Scotch work of every description at very low prices.

GLOVES AND HOSIERY

Of the best makes in great variety.

Sheetings and Shirtings.

Linen Table Cloths, Towelings and Housekeeping Goods generally, all of best fabrics.

Clothes, Cassimeres, Vestings, Undershirts, and Drawers, &c.

Shawls

A very large Stock of every pattern and Style.

Servants Goods.

Heavy Goods for Servants wear. Pulled Clothes, Kerseys, Lindseys, Osnaburgs, Stripes, Checks, Brown Muslins, Blankets, &c., &c.

Call early and secure good bargains.

Harper's Ferry, October 23, 1856.

JAS. LOGUE & CO.,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

NO. 139 NORTH HOWARD STREET, BALTIMORE,

(STORE LATELY OCCUPIED BY RICHARD M'CONN.)

Keep constantly on hand, choice Brands Family, Extra and Super Flour; also, Guano, Plaster, Salt, &c., &c., &c.

THEY would respectfully solicit consignments of FLOUR, GRAIN or PRODUCE of any description. They are confident, from the situation of their place of business, (which is directly on the Rail Road, with facilities of receiving goods from the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, thus saving the expense of drayage or wear and tear of package,) disposing of all Merchandize consigned to them on the very best terms and at prices satisfactory to those patronizing them.

All orders for GUANO, PLASTER, SALT, FISH, &c., promptly attended to, and forwarded with despatch and care.

Oct. 30, '56.—6m.* JAS. LOGUE & CO

To Apothecaries and Physicians, DRUG STORE FOR SALE IN BALTIMORE, MD.

THE subscriber offers for Sale his Drug and Apothecary Store, located on Balt St., in one of the most pleasant sections of the city with a large and [illegible] trade. The only reason for selling, [illegible] purchaser, address

EDWIN EARECKSON,
Nov. 6, '56—3t Apothecary, Baltimore, Md.

Stoves! Stoves!! Stoves!!!

HAVING just received a very large supply of Stoves of all kinds, I solicit the attention of those wishing such an article, feeling confident can supply any order that may be made both in quality and price. The styles of the Parlor Stoves are beautiful, and what is still better they are cheap. All those wishing a good Stove or Grate, either for wood or coal, will please call before purchasing elsewhere, at the New Stove, Tin, and Sheet Iron Warehouse of J

Virginia Free Press.
BY J. S. & B. N. GALLAHER.
THURSDAY MORNING.
NOVEMBER 20, 1856.

WHO SAVED THE DEMOCRACY.

The Squ[illegible] party are rejoicing with as [illegible] good will over their continuance at [illegible] public crib as if they had obtained an [illegible]ebelming victory. They are unmind[illegible] of the help received from the weak-kneed [illegible], and are as arrogant over the result [illegible] they really had achieved it by their own [illegible]. The meagre majority of 705 in Pennsylvania was the means of saving their [illegible] butter.

The Columbia (Tenn.) Mirror has some remarks to the point, which we quote as [illegible] of consideration:

"Neither Mr. Buchanan, nor his party can re[illegible] that the defeat of Fremont [illegible] brought about the slavery agitation, and [illegible] that question the Republican party increased [illegible] strength so rapidly, that many were greatly a[illegible], and driven to the support of Mr. Buchanan [illegible] the strong man to prevent the success of [illegible]. The mischiefs that the Democratic par[illegible] have vomited were lost sight of in the prospects [illegible] the candidate, most likely to defeat the Repub[illegible]. But the people will not forget that all the [illegible] surrounding us, which threaten the de[illegible] of our country by Republicanism under [illegible] lead of Fremont, are attributable to the Demo[illegible] party. That party is responsible for the [illegible] of them; and should it ever be called to an [illegible] for the political sins and evils which it [illegible] thrusted upon us, and our prosperous and once [illegible] country, and the decrees of public justice [illegible] pronounced in accordance with the measure of [illegible] meting upon it—what stay is there in human [illegible] to save it from a [illegible]

[illegible] Too much drinking has caused me pain;
I'll never look at a glass again.
He kept his word and never lied,
And yet by drinking wine he died.
"How could he do it?"—only think;
He shut his eyes when he took a drink.

THE TRUE MAN.

For him the spring
Distills her dews, and from the silken germ
Its lucid leaves unfolds: for him the hand
Of autumn tinges every fertile branch
With blooming gold, and blushes like the morn.
Each passing hour sheds tribute from her wings;
And still new beauties meet his lonely walk,
And loves unfelt attract him.

[Akensile.

VARIETY.

A RICH STORY.

A tall, awkward looking chap, just from the green mountains of Vermont, came on board of one of the splendid North River boats at Albany. His curiosity was amazingly excited at once, and he commenced 'peeking,' as he called it into every nook and corner on the boat. The captain's of fice, the engine room, the water closets, the barber's shop, all underwent his inspection; and then he went on deck and stood in amazement at the lear beam, the chimneys, and the various 'fixins,' till at last he caught sight of the bell. This was the crowning wonder, and he viewed it from every position, walked around it, get down on his knees and looked up into it, and exclaimed:

'Wall, rally, this beats the bell on our meeting house a darned sight.'

By this time the attention of the captain and several of the passengers was attracted to the genius.

'How much would you ask to let a fellow ring this bell?'

'You may ring it for a dollar, sir,' said the captain.

'Wall it's a bargain, all fair and agreed, and no back out.'

'It's a bargain, sir,' said the captain.

Our hero went deliberately and brought a seat and took hold of the bell rope, and having arranged everything to his satisfaction, commenced ringing, slowly at first, and gradually faster, till everybody on board thought the boat was on fire, and rushed on deck, screaming with alarm.

There stood the captain and there sat the 'Vairmounter,' ringing away, first slow and then fast and then two or three taps at a time. The passengers began to expostulate, the captain said it was a bargain.—But the passengers became urgent that the eternal clanger should be stopped. All the while there sat our hero undisturbed, ringing away moreways than a cockney chime ringer ever dreamed of. At last the captain began to think it time to stop the simpleton; but his answer was:

'A fair bargain and no backing out,' and he rang away for dear life.

'Wall, said the captain, 'what will you take to stop?'

'Wall, capt'n I guess I shean't lose nothing if I take five dollars and a *free passage* to New York, but not a darned cent less.'

'Well walk down to the office, and get your money and passage ticket,' said the captain.

'Arrah, Teddy, un' wasn't yer name Teddy O'Byrne before you left ould Ireland?'

Sure it was, my darlint.'

'But, my jewel, why then do you add the s, and call it Teddy O,Byrnes now?'

'Why, ye spalpeen, haven't I been married since I kom to Ameriky? and are ye so ignorant of grammatics that yo don't know when one thing is added to another it becomes a plural?'

'Crow, I want to ax you a conundrum.'

'Well, Julius, succeed; I's open for the question.'

'Can you tell me wy de art-of-self-de'ence am like a ribber at low tide?'

'No Julius, I doesn't see no similarity in de two subjects, so, darfer, I guves it up.'

'Well, den, I'll tell you. It is simply because it develops de muscles? You is the most ignorant nigger I pebber read.'

[illegible] was, I didn't want to say nuffin! Jis ax me again and see if I can't told you.

PRESENCE OF MIND.

If you should happen to meet with an accident at table, endeavor to preserve your composure, and do not add to the discomfort you have created, by making an unnecessary fuss about it.

An anecdote is related of a very accomplished gentleman, which illustrates the idea we would inculcate. When carving a tough goose, he had the misfortune to send it entirely out of the dish into the lap of a lady who sat next to him; on which, he looked her full in the face, with the utmost coolness, and said—'Madam, I will thank you for that goose.'

Did you present your account to the defendant?' inquired a lawyer of his clerk.

'I did sir.'

'What did he say?'

'He told me to go to the devil, sir.'

'Well, and what did you do after that?'

'Why, then, I came to you.'

The lawyer looked rather 'get.'

'James, now I will hear your lesson,' said a schoolmaster to a little urchin, who was not in the habit of studying much—'Gueth not, thir, paps thays little boyths should be theen and not heard.'

THE PROSP[illegible]

The best portion [illegible] published, in its true [illegible] Presidential electi[illegible] reading to see, in it, disputed questions [illegible] Bomb, they have help[illegible] ple that it was an ex[illegible] that the result is ra[illegible] time and good mana[illegible] Mr. Buchanan was [illegible] out the intervention [illegible] the latter, he would h[illegible] ery Northern State. [illegible] tion, there are men a[illegible] ery nut for the Union [illegible] achieving a great tri[illegible] Buchanan. But the[illegible] struggle, men who [illegible] there is no peace. [illegible] fold our arms, and g[illegible] when every element [illegible] ready to burst, in its [illegible] so when the innume[illegible] hanging over devote[illegible] feeble Thirteen Colo[illegible] stratton to achieve th[illegible] now talk so proudly [illegible] there ever will come [illegible] provoking, that there [illegible] will urge us to consid[illegible] of Providence, from [illegible] speedily relieved, an[illegible] sacrifice our ease an[illegible] make this year's crop [illegible]

[illegible] from the Charleston [illegible] acknowledgment of [illegible] is indebted to Mr. F[illegible] for his election. Th[illegible] the same days since, a[illegible] ocratic journals, who[illegible] vient to their party d[illegible] some surprise. It w[illegible] third ticket, that he [illegible] his own State, Penney[illegible] as heard from, (all [illegible] thousand votes, *ever e*[illegible] In other words, out o[illegible] only 213,500, while t[illegible] 700—we give round [illegible]

[illegible] STORE ROOM AND Dwelling for Rent.

INTENDING to close my Mercantile business, I offer for rent my Store House and adjacent Dwelling, situated about two miles N. E. of Duffields Depot, on the road leading f om Halltown to Shepherdstown. This stand commands the patronage of a very fine neighborhood by which it has to the p esent been liberally supported. Possession can be given by the 15th day of September next, by which time I am desirous to be relieved from the business, as I intend turning my attention to farming.

LORENZO D. HESS.

August 28, 1856.—tf Spt

Fluid Extract of Yellow Peruvian Bark.

THIS elegant and truthful representative of Calisaya Bark, contains all that is valuable in a state of perfect preservation and full energy, and is pre-eminently distinguished for its peculiar and almost specific action in Agues, and other intermittent and remittent febrile disorder; as a strengthener and restorative it is equally eminent exercising the same specific action in all diseases of direct or indirect debility, surpassing in certainty every other tonic we possess. For sale by

August 14, 1856. BELLER & COOKE

NEW BOOKS.

THE Mystery of Evil and Good, Fashionable Life, by Mrs. Eastman, the War Path by the Author of "Wild Western Scenes," the Kingdom which shall not be destroyed, by Rev J. Owen, Memoirs of Rev. James Chisholm, Memorial of the Rev. Wm. M. Jackson, Linda, by Mrs Caroline Lee Hentz, Robert Graham, a Sequel to Linda, Harper's Monthly Magazine for November, received, and for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

July 24 1856

Stabler's Diarrhoea Cordial,

FOR the speedy cure of Diarrhoea and Summer Bowel complaints, both children and adults. This article is compounded in a scientific manner of substances long known and celebrated for their peculiar efficacy in relieving these diseases, and is confidently recommended to the public as a specific for this class of complaints. It allays nausea and produces a healthy action of the Liver, thus removing the cause of diseases. Price fifty cents, to be had of

THOS. RAWLINS.

July 31, 1856. Market House.

DOMESTIC SLAVERY

CONSIDERED as a Scriptural Institution, in a correspondence between the Rev. Dr. Fuller and the Rev. Francis Wayland, has been received by the authors, and can be had at the Drug Store of HUTCHISON & BURNETT.

August 21, 1856.

Senna Figs.

A FRESH lot of pure SENNA FIGS, just received and for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

Oct. 2, 1856.

BANK OF THE VALLEY STOCK for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Oct. 9, 1856

HARPERS' for September, just received by HUTCHISON & BURNETT.

August 21, 1856

BACON and Lard, for sale by

June 5, 1856 CRAMER & HAWKS.

B. WALTER. J. WALTER. M. FRANK

Fall and Winter for 1856.

Baltimore French Clothing Emporium.

WE are continually receiving from our manufacturing House in Baltimore, a large, superior, and well selected stock of Men's, Boys' and Youths' Fall and Winter

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

for the present spring and summer trade, where purchasers can be accommodated with the following assortment of Ready-Made Clothing, viz: Coats, Pants, Vests, all prices, qualities and sizes, Rough & Ready Hats, Stetch and Wide-Awakes do., Hat, Silk and Fur do., all kinds of Men's and Boys' Caps, all of which will be sold on reasonable terms, and prices that cannot fail to please. Also a large assortment of Boots and Shoes. Also, a lot of Silk, Cotton, and Gingham Pocket and Neck-Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Gloves, Socks, Suspenders, Umbrellas, Canes, Pen Knives, Razor Strops, &c. &c.

TRUNKS, VALICES & CARPET BAGS.

This being the largest stock of Ready-Made Clothing ever offered in this place, they ask a call from all purchasers desirous of being served on reasonable terms, either wholesale or retail.

N. B. Persons that cannot be accommodated with [illegible] are prepared to have Clothing made to order at short notice and a guaranteed FIT at the same low prices.

We return our sincere thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity for the very liberal patronage we have received, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, as we pledge ourselves there shall be nothing wanting on our part to render satisfaction, both in Goods and Prices.

Come one, come all. Come to Walter, Bro. & Co.'s cheap Clothing Hall, where you will get the worth of your money.

WALTER, BRO. & CO.,
Shenandoah Street.

Harpers-Ferry, September 11, 1856.

VIRGINIA:—In the County Court, Jefferson County, to-wit, August term 1856.

BEAXTON DAVENPORT, *Presiding Justice.*

First Class—AUGUST TERM, 1856.

Roger Chew,	John J. Lock,
George W. Little,	Joseph W. Isham.

Second Class—NOVEMBER TERM, 1856.

John F. Smith,	Andrew Kennedy,
Thomas Russell,	William B. Morrison.

Third Class—MARCH TERM, 1857.

Logan Osburn,	William F. Alexander,
Joseph L. Russell,	John Quigley.

Fourth Class—JUNE TERM, 1857.

Charles H. Lewis,	John Hess,
G. W. Eichelberger,	A. M. Ball.

Fifth Class—AUGUST TERM, 1857.

T. H. Willis,	David Fry,
William H. Tark,	David L. Hensell.

Sixth Class—NOVEMBER TERM, 1857.

John J. Grantham,	Edmund Chambers,
Moses W. Burr,	James Logie.

Seventh Class—MARCH TERM, 1858.

R. W. Baylor,	Samuel Ridenour,
Israel Russell,	L. C. Heskitt.

Eighth Class—JUNE TERM, 1858.

John F. Hamtranck,	John W. Grantham,
Thomas W. Shriver,	

and again in the same succession, the 1st class to commence again August term, 1858.

The monthly term; to be held as follows: September term by the 8th class; October term by the 7th class; December term by the 6th class; January term by the 5th class; February term by the 4th class; April term by the 3d class; May term by the 2nd class; and July term by the 1st class

The presiding Justice to attend each and every term of the Court, as required by law.

A Copy—Teste.

T. A. MOORE, Clerk.

August 28, 1856.

Painted Window Shades, and Shade Fixtures.

WE would call the attention of our friends and the public to a New and Beautiful assortment of PAINTED SHADES, comprising every variety of Gold-Border, Landscape, Gothic, Plain and Flower Shades—also White and Buff Hollands, together with several

New and Improved Shade Fixtures,

Which can be seen in operation at our store.

STORE SHADES made and lettered to order. Also, LANDSCAPE WIRE for Screens.

As we intend to give our attention exclusively to the Shade department, and our Shades are all of our own manufacture, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction to all who will favor us with their orders.

N. B. A liberal discount made to the trade.

TERMS CASH.

BAKER & CUSHMAN.

Salesroom 137 Baltimore Street.

May 15, 1856.

TOM TELEGRAPH.

THE Horse TOM TELEGRAPH will stand the ensuing season commencing the 1st September and ending the last of October at the stable of Mr. GEORGE W. TURNER, notice of which place will be given when the season begins to be put to mares only by insurance and that twenty dollars per colt, but if the owner or putter of a mare pays with the mare it forfeits the insurance and holds him responsible for the above amount. The horse is a sure fold getter, and as for his riding qualities they defy comparison. Persons wishing to acquaint themselves with the horse farther as to pedigree can do by writing to

Gen. Asa Rogers, Middleburg, Va.
William Rogers, " "
John W. Luke, Berryville, " "
Hector Bell, Winchester, " "

August 28, '56.—tf C. L. LARUE.

MEDICAL HOUSE,

No. 16 SOUTH FREDERICK ST.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

Established in order to afford the afflicted sound and scientific medical aid, and for the suppression of Quackery.

DOCTOR SMITH, THE ONLY REGULARLY EDUCATED PHYSICIAN ADVERTISING, has for many years devoted his whole attention to the treatment of Private Complaints, in all their varied and complicated forms. His great success in those long standing and difficult cases, such as were formerly considered incurable, is sufficient to commend him to the public as worthy of the extensive patronage which he has received. Within the last eight years Dr. S. has treated more than 20,000 cases of Private Complaints, in their different forms and stages; a practice which no doubt exceeds that of all the other physicians now advertising in Baltimore, and not a single case is known where his directions were strictly followed, and medicines taken at reasonable time, without effecting a radical and permanent cure; therefore, persons afflicted with diseases of the above nature, "no matter how difficult or long standing the case may be," would do well to call on Dr. Smith. [illegible] Pills, Pastes and Montpelier Cough Drops.

School Books, Novels, Annuals, monthly Periodicals, Toy and Sunday Books, Stationery, Pictures, &c.

Surgical Instruments.

FINEST CHEWING TOBACCO & SEGARS.

GARDEN SEEDS.

CUTLERY, CHINA GIFTS.

To the above might be added many, very many articles, which it is not necessary to mention.

January 3, 1856.

MISSOURI HOTEL,

Corner Main and Morgan streets, (only two squares from the Packet Landing,)

SAINT LOUIS, MO.

Baggage carried to [illegible] from the House free of [illegible]

F. W. STEPHENSON, Proprietor.

Price, $1.50 per day. Persons taking board by the week or month, will be charged at moderate rates.

AN Agent will be upon each Boat and Train, to collect Checks for Baggage, and at the Landing and Depot to point out and convey passengers to the House, which has just been thoroughly repaired and painted throughout, and *furnished entirely new* in a neat manner.

The *Chambers and Parlors* are large and pleasant, and well suited for families, while a large addition of fine and handsome Sleeping Apartments has been made, to meet the wants of the traveling public in general.

The Missouri Hotel is but two squares from the Packet and Steamboat Landing and Railroad Depot—is adjacent to the Wholesale Stores on Main street, and situated in a most convenient part of the city.

The patronage of my friends and the public generally is respectfully solicited

F. W. STEPHENSON.

St. Louis, December 6, 1855—1y Spt&Gin

THE EXERCISES OF THE

FREDERICK FEMALE SEMINARY.

Will be resumed on Monday the 1st of September, 1856.

This Institution has an able and efficient Board of Professors and Teachers, a good Library, excellent Musical Instruments, an extensive *Chemical and Philosophical Apparatus*, and it is confidently believed that it offers as many facilities for imparting a thorough, extensive and refined education as any Seminary in the land.

The School is not sectarian, on the contrary the young ladies are strictly required to attend such Church as parents designate, accompanied always by a teacher.

Although the present building is very spacious and commodious, yet the increase of scholars from abroad has been such within the past few years as to render more room absolutely necessary. The Trustees have therefore commenced another building of the same dimensions and appearance as the present edifice, and will push it on as rapidly as possible to completion. This will enable us to accommodate from fifty to sixty more students from abroad.

Its facilities of communication with all parts of the Union by Railroad and Telegraph, its healthy location, pure mountain water, and delightful scenery, render it a most desirable location for a female school.

For Board and Tuition, including furnished Rooms, Lights, Fuel, Washing, etc., $200 per Scholastic year; payable half yearly in advance.

For Circulars apply at this office. For other particulars address H. WINCHESTER.

August 14, 1856.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP

Again in Motion.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the large and commodious MACHINE SHOPS lately occupied by Zimmerman & Co., in Charlestown, and intends to carry on there the business of REPAIRING and MAKING MACHINES to order, in the various branches. He is determined to spare no effort to have his work done in the best and most substantial manner, and at prices a little more favorable than heretofore charged at this shop.

Large outlays are required in fitting up for and carrying on this business, the undersigned hopes in consideration of his limited means, that customers will not think his terms hard in being Cash, unless there is a previous contract.

He also has on hand a superior article of WHEAT CLEANERS and CLOVER MACHINES, which will be disposed of on reasonable terms. Persons favoring us with their custom are requested to apply early, so that a sufficient force may be employed to accommodate all in good season. First come, first served.

WM. ROWE.

Charlestown, February 28, 1856—tf

Awful!

LOOK AT THIS.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE is still selling goods at a tremendous Slaughter from cost prices,—Look at the Catalogue:

Calicoes, fast colors 10 cts;
Do. do 6¼ worth 12½.
Barage De Lane 12 cts worth 25;
Fine Lawns 6¼ to 12½ cts. Ginghams from 10 to 17 cts; Hosiery and Gloves at cost; Merinos English and French, from 25 to 50; Silk and Colored Alpaca from 12 to 75; Splendid Shawls ½ price; Lining Silks for bonnets; Dress Trimming at any price you will give; Childrens and Misses Shoes from 25 to 75 cts; 4 boxes Ladies Kid Shoes; 2 boxes Ladies Cloth Gaiters; 1 case fine boots 50 cts. below cost; Men's Silk and straw hats greatly reduced in rim; Ready made Clothing, a great bargain; Kid Gloves slightly soiled, worth 87 at 50. Bitcaude running off the block with a great [illegible] and [illegible] the choice bargains.

Store opposite the Court House, and 1 door above Jacob Noah's cheap store

July 17, 1856.

To the Ladies.

I HAVE now on my table a great many little notions for the Ladies, and if they will take the trouble to call and look through the variety, I assure them that I will sell at what they may think the articles worth. T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

August 14, 1856

Colt's & Allen's Pocket Pistols.

A GOOD assortment of Colt's and Allen's Revolving Pistols, percussion caps, powder flasks, &c., for sale at

Nov. 15, 1855. CHAS. G. STEWART.

Turnip Seed.

Received to-day Aults red top Norfolk turnip seed. Also Stabler's non-sulphur Matches.

THOMAS RAWLINS.

July 31, 1856.

PORTABLE CIDER MILLS—for sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Sept 21, 1856.

PALM SOAP, in bars, for sale by BELLER & COOKE

Sept. 14, 1856.

50 PRS. Boys' Coarse Shoes great bargains at cost. T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

August 14, 1856.

HAY KNIVES.—A fine lot of Hay Knives of the best make. JACKSON & WOOD.

Winchester, October 30, 1856.

JOS. E. CLAGETT'S
Wholesale & Retail
DRUG STORE,
Under the United States Hotel,
HARPER'S FERRY, VA.

THE Subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the Public to his large and varied assortment of Fresh and Genuine

DRUGS, MEDICINES AND CHEMICALS,

all of which have been selected with that care and attention necessary to an establishment of so responsible a nature. Disappointment, mortification, and oftentimes serious consequences result from the use of impure and adulterated medicines, much pains had been taken to procure them of the finest and purest quality.

Physicians and the Trade may confidently rely upon having their orders filled with the best articles at the shortest notice and upon the most favorable terms.

PYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS,

and every minutia connected therewith, will be attended to with the most scrupulous care and accuracy. In addition to standard Medicines is kept,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass, Putty, Varnishes, Paint Brushes, and Burning Fluid.

Also, an extensive assortment of French, English and German Toilet and Fancy Articles, such as Extracts for Ridkis, Colognes, Soaps, Hair Oils, Pomades, Pink Saucers, Lilly White, Pearl Powder, Combs, Brushes, &c. Fire-works, Toys, Confectionery and French Gaudies, Fruits, &c.

[illegible]

Mill, very highly prized of very easy draught for one horse, simple durable and does fine work.

MAYNARD'S *Spiral* CORN AND CON MILL, runs with a belt to any horse power, grinds corn and cob, or grain by itself, and is a very valuable Machine.

Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutters.

SINCLAIR'S SCREW PROPELLERS, of 4 sizes, for hand or horse power, and will cut Hay, Straw, Fodder and Stalks with great rapidity; are very strong and durable, and cannot get out of repair. The best article ever invented for the purpose.

RUGGLES, NOURSE, MASON & CO.'s HAY AND STRAW CUTTERS, of all sizes. Beautiful workmanship and fast cutters, and cannot fail to please all.

Corn Shellers and Grist Mill!

The large VIRGINIA SHELLER, for hand or horse power, the best article for large farmers, will shell 400 bushels by hand and 800 by horse power

RUGGLES, NOURSE, MASON & CO.'s, E. WHITMAN & CO.'s and R. SINCLAIR, Jr. & CO.'s SINGLE and DOUBLE SPOUT CORN SHELLERS, that will shell easily by hand from 150 to 350 bushels per day.

PORTABLE GRIST MILLS, of superior *Cologne and French Burr Stones* for any 4 or 6 horse power Machine. The Mills are all perfect within themselves, and nothing to do but to attach a belt to horse power; and will make the best of meal or flour for family use, and grind fast.

PLOWS—A fine assortment of two and three horse Barshear and Cast Ploughs, right and left hand. Also Iron Shovel Plows, Harrows, Reversible or Hill side Plows.

Agricultural Boilers & Food Cauldrons

Every farmer and miller should have one of *Mc Gregor's Food Boilers*, to prepare food for hogs milch cows, stall cattle, by using up lard, making soap, for scalding hogs and many other purposes. They require very little fuel, are all complete in themselves and want no setting in brick. Allen's is in the 120 patterns.

Forks, Shovels, Spades, Hoes, &c.—The very best hay and manure Steel Forks, long handled Shovels, Spades, Steel Grain Shovels, Garden and Field Hoes, Axes, &c. &c.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees—Arrangements have been made to order from catalogue, at any price, a full line of Fruit and Ornamental Trees that will [illegible] to be [illegible] in this market.

Garden and Field Seeds—We have got [illegible] Garden Seeds, warranted to be fresh and genuine, put up in neat printed packages, containing a full pound; [illegible] *Thrashing Machines, Horse Power and [illegible] Reaping and Mowing Machines* and everything else needed will be found in our Warehouses in the city. Persons [illegible] Seed Drills, Corn Planters, Reaping and Mowing Machines and everything else connected with the business, will do well to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as we shall have none but the best. JACKSON & WOOD.

WINCHESTER Feb 7, 1856.

Southern Agency
for McCormick's Reaping and Mowing
MACHINE.

HAVING now the entire control for this section, of this celebrated Machine, I take the opportunity of informing the Agricultural community that the *most extensive arrangements* are making to give all an opportunity of procuring one of these long and *thoroughly tried Machines*.

We would caution purchasers to be careful how they are persuaded into taking hold of so important a matter as an untried Reaping Machine, while the reputation of McCormick's is so well established throughout the world.

The perfection of a Reaping Machine being obtained only by actual observation of its action, in cutting grain, and that period of time being very brief, viz: the Harvest, it is obvious that it would require almost a life-time to obtain that object.—This has happily been obtained by Mr. McCormick, and he now puts forth a Machine that may be termed perfect.

To insure being supplied, order early of

B. M. RHODES,
Sole Agent.

141 W. Pratt street, Baltimore.

FARMERS of the Valley of Virginia will please take notice that, for their accommodation, I will supply Machines, Reapers and Mowers, at Charlestown and Winchester, and also any other point where the Reapers may be introduced.

May 1, 1856—tf B. V. R.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having bought the entire interest of the Jefferson Boot & Shoe Factory of Samuel Ridenour, most respectfully informs the citizens of Charlestown and its vicinity, that he intends to continue the above business in all its branches. He will constantly keep on hand the very best selected stock, and employ none but competent workmen. All orders will be accepted and receive prompt attention. The undersigned has on hand also a large assortment of articles well adapted to suit the taste of all ladies, such as Boskins, Walk Shoes, Slippers, &c., which he would be glad to dispose of, at very low figures for cash.—Ladies would do well in giving the undersigned a call, as he is about to make arrangements for manufacturing all kinds of work for Men, Ladies and Children. SAMUEL C. YOUNG.

Note—Suppose we try the nimble sixpence plan [illegible] modest, and consult your comfort, [illegible] *peacock, looking vainly at your* [illegible] people out of doors [illegible] this new method of [illegible] and keeping up till [illegible] came round a corner [illegible] between a lamp [illegible] ately assisted by [illegible] beat position.—[illegible]

[illegible] than in bad company. [illegible] tion be without malice or [illegible] nd to discover a secret. [illegible] There none take pleasure in [illegible] words either in jest or earnest [illegible] tenishes of others [illegible] ure, be attentive [illegible] own. [illegible] know the affairs of others [illegible]

SKELETON O[illegible]

A day or two since, [illegible] some workmen engaged [illegible] of Sheriff Wickham [illegible] ing, came across a [illegible] identifying it, by [illegible]

[illegible] of God, let it be with reverence [illegible]

[illegible] room, adjoining the Free Press Office, and when in town he can be found at said room and in his absence Claims can be left at the Free Press Office. All claims confided to me shall receive prompt attention in every respect

C. G. BRAGG
Constable.

June 8 1854

Notice.

ALL regular dealers who do not pay their Bright accounts when called on must pay as they get their goods. Transient or bright cash when delivered. Learn what I save. Look out!

E. M. ALSQUITH.

June 12 56 Charlestown Depot.

Peruvian Guano.

WE have just received a full supply of best No. 1 Peruvian Guano, which we offer for sale at the market rates.

FOWLE & CO.

ALEXANDRIA, April 17, 1856.

African and Mexican Guano.

BEST African and A. A., and White Mexican Guano in Store, and for sale by

FOWLE & CO.

ALEXANDRIA, April 17, 1856.

SALT.

10,000 Sacks G. A. Salt, 3,000 do. Fine Liverpool, for sale by FOWLE & CO.

ALEXANDRIA, April 17, 1856.

50 *BBLS. No. 1 Susquehanna and Potomac Herring* of the first run, just received and for sale low by CHARLES JOHNSON,

HARPERS FERRY, May 29, 1856.

THE VALLEY

AGRICULTURAL DEPOT,

WINCHESTER, VA.

JACKSON & WOOD

HAVING taken the large Warerooms on *Loudoun street, opposite the Valley Hotel*, keep on hand all kinds of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS AND FARMING UTENSILS of the most approved models and best construction, and *such as have borne the test* throughout the country; and as good implements and labor-saving Machines are of the first importance to the whole farming community, we hope they will call and judge for themselves.

Corn and Cob Crushers.

The LITTLE GIANT, *of four sizes*, Nos. 1, 2, 3 & 4. A superior CORN AND COB MILL, simple, durable, of easy draft, and of the best established character. They have obtained *eleven premiums* in 1855. We have sold some 40 or 50 within the last three months, all of which give perfect satisfaction.

[illegible] A Coach will [illegible] town to convey passengers to and from the Boat. For further particulars enquire at the Store of W. H. & H. G. RITTER, Georgetown, and JOHN AVIS, Jr., Harpers-Ferry, Va

May 1, 1856.

Columbian Guano.

THE undersigned having been appointed sole Agents of the *Philadelphia Guano Company* at this port, have now on hand and shall be receiving during the season a full supply of the above permanent fertilizer *direct from the Island*, which they offer to their customers at the lowest market rates.

This Guano has been analyzed by the most eminent chemists of this country and found to contain *Bone Phosphate of Lime* in much larger proportion than any other description of Phosphatic Guano, say 87 00½.

Analysis of the same can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or will be forwarded by mail if requested.

Its use is highly recommended either alone or in connection with Peruvian Guano, for all kinds of grain, grass, or root crops.

It is put up in bags of very superior quality marked with the importer's brand.

FOWLE & CO.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., May 15 1856.

Shut your Doors & Gates,

THE undersigned having received the agency from the manufacturers for Jefferson county for the sale of Gray Brothers patent door & gate spring are prepared either to furnish the springs or have them put up for persons desiring them. These springs have taken the premiums in every instance where they have met with competition, their simplicity, neatness, & durability as well as total freeness from noise or creaking during its action recommend it to all. Warranted for five years by

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

December 20 1855—tf

A CARD.

GEORGE R. MONROE takes this opportunity of informing the public of this and the adjacent counties that he is prepared to execute House, Sign and Ornamental Paintings, Black Letter Signs of all sizes and descriptions, made to order and prices to suit the times, and hopes by diligent attention to business, and liberal dealings with all, to receive a full and increased share of public patronage as heretofore.

December 13, 1855.

Berkeley American copy 3 times

PAPER WAREHOUSE.

A. L. KNIGHT,

(*Successor to J. S. Robinson.*)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

No. 5, South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

WILL PURCHASE FOR CASH,

Rags, Canvas and other Stocks.

January 31, 1856—tf

RANDOLPH & LATIMER
General Commission Merchants,
62 SOUTH S., BOWLY'S WHARF,
BALTIMORE, MD.,

ATTEND particularly to the sale of *FLOUR, WHEAT, CORN* and all other COUNTRY PRODUCE, and are prepared to furnish bags to farmers wishing to consign to them.

Baltimore, Nov. 25, 1852.

Liverpool Salt.

10,000 SACKS Coarse Salt, and 3,000 sacks Fine do.—all then on the ton. The Fine Salt is in full bleached sack, warranted to fill. We are importing regularly direct to this Port from Liverpool, and are prepared to supply the section of country trading with our city, at very low rates, compared with other markets.

FOWLE & CO.

Alexandria, November 22, 1855—1y

De Burg's, Super Phosphate.

WE have made arrangements to furnish farms with De Burg's No. 1 ammoniated Super Phosphate, at the Baltimore prices, adding freights, and as we shall get it up in large quantities the price of freight will also be reduced. We have already on hand a good supply.

JACKSON & WOOD.

Winchester, March 20, 1856.

Great Bargains in Dry Goods.

HAVING received additional supplies of beautiful Dress patterns, Silks Lawns De Cogs, Mitts, Silk, Thread and Kid Gloves, Parasols, Caps and Mantillas, all of which I promise to sell at the very lowest prices. Ladies are respectfully requested to call and look at my assortment.

JACOB NOAH,
opposite the Court-house.

May 22, 1856.

Coal! Coal!

THE undersigned having leased the Coal yard formerly occupied by David Seigle, is now prepared to furnish COAL at the shortest notice. All orders will be promptly attended to

JOHN H. DEENER.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 21, 1854.

Cash For Negroes.

THOSE persons having Negroes for sale can get the highest price by calling on the subscriber at Charlestown. Application in person or by letter will be promptly attended to

C. G. BRAGG

July 24, 1851

Brick for Sale.

THE subscriber has just burned a Kiln of Brick, which he wishes to sell. Persons in want of Brick would do well to call at an early day.

July 12, 1855. C. G. BRAGG

Burden's Horse Shoes.

HAVE received a lot of Burden's Horse Shoes, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4, which I will sell cheap for cash, or upon a short credit to responsible customers.

THOS. RAWLINS.

[illegible]

Teacher Wanted.

A SCHOOL Teacher in District No. 9 is now wanted. Apply anytime between this and the 1st of October. JOHN MOLER,

September 11, 1856 Commissioner.

Bonnets.

100 STRAW and Gimp Bonnets selling for what they will bring

Aug 14 '56. T. C. SIGAFOOSE.

COUNTRY CURED BACON and CIDER VINEGAR for sale by

KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Oct 2, 1856

100,000 Prime Brick

NOW on hand at the Charlestown Brick Kiln. They are of good quality. Apply to

April 3, '56—tf CHARLES G. BRAGG.

ARROW ROOT, Sago, Oatmeal, Tapioca and Hecker's Farina, all fresh, and for sale by

August 14, 1856. BELLER & COOKE.

BAY WATER—A superior article for sale by

BELLER & COOKE.

August 14, 1856.

A SUPERIOR article of Ginger and Wild Cherry Brandy, for medical purposes, for sale by BELLER & COOKE.

August 14, 1856

FRESH SALAD OIL, just received and for sale by BELLER & COOKE

Oct 2, 1856.

FRESH LARD, for sale by

Sept 4 '56 J. N. & J. I. SADLER

MACKEREL and Herrings, for sale by

Oct. 23. CRAMER & HAWKS.

FOR HARPERS-FERRY, Via Chesapeake & Ohio Canal.

THROUGH IN TWELVE HOURS.

THE new and splendid Packet-Boat ARGO, Capt. Charles H. Merrill, has commenced making Regular Trips between Georgetown and the above point. The boat will leave the wharf of W. H. & H. G. Ritter, Georgetown, D. C., every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 6 o'clock, arriving at the Great Falls at 9 A. M.; Seneca, 11 A. M.; Edwards' Ferry, 12½ P. M.; White's Ferry, 1½ P. M.; Monocacy, 2½ P. M.; Noland's Ferry, 3½ P. M.; Point of Rocks, 4 P. M.; and Harpers-Ferry at 6 P. M. Returning, the will leave Harpers-Ferry every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, at 6 o'clock; Point of Rocks, 8 A. M.; Noland's Ferry, 9½ A. M.; Monocacy, 10½ A. M.; White's Ferry, 11 A. M.; Edwards' Ferry, 12½ P. M.; Seneca 1½ P. M.; Great Falls, 3 P. M.; and arriving at Georgetown 6 P. M.

THROUGH TICKETS $2.25.

Intermediate points as follows: From Georgetown to Great Falls, 50 cents; Seneca, 75 cts; Edwards' Ferry, $1.12½; White's Ferry, $1.30; Monocacy, $1.50; Noland's Ferry, $1.75; Point of Rocks, $1.90; and Harpers-Ferry, $2.25. Returning at the same rates.

Families intending to visit the Virginia Springs the coming season will find this by far the most safe, pleasant and cheapest route to Brakeley, Capon, Shenandoah, White Sulphur and Warren [illegible]

[illegible] town, to convey passengers to and from the Boat. For further particulars enquire at the Store of W. H. & H. G. RITTER, Georgetown, and JOHN AVIS, Jr., Harpers-Ferry, Va

May 1, 1856.

AYER'S PILLS

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all bilious diseases—Costiveness, Jaundice, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Humors, Nervousness, Irritability, Indigestion, Headache, Pains in the Breast, Loss of Appetite, Female Complaints, &c. &c.

Very few are the diseases in which a Cathartic pill is not more or less required, and suffering might be prevented by its use. No person can feel well while a bilious condition exists, and there are many fatal diseases, which might be prevented by the timely and judicious use of this pill. This is alike true of Colds, Fevers, Bilious derangements. They purge the body, cleanse and fortify it against disease, which lead the diseases all over the world. As a reliable family physic is of the first importance to the public health, and this Pill is recommended with confidence as the most effectual of the virtues by [illegible] extensively tried, has shown results [illegible] any other pill heretofore known of any [illegible] have [illegible] tried beyond belief. [illegible] stances of such cures [illegible] and the evidence of [illeg